



West Virginia Housing Development Fund

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS and other financial information

For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

Audited Financial Statements and
Other Financial Information

WEST VIRGINIA HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND

For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

Audited Financial Statements

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
West Virginia Housing Development Fund
Charleston, West Virginia

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities (enterprise fund) and fiduciary fund type activities of the West Virginia Housing Development Fund (the Fund), a component unit of the State of West Virginia, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Fund's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities (enterprise fund) and the fiduciary fund type activities of the Fund, as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Fund and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

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In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedules of the proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) PERS, the schedules of contributions to the PERS, the schedules of changes in net OPEB liability (asset) and related ratios - Welfare Benefit plan, the schedules of contributions to the Welfare Benefit plan, the schedules of annual rate of return on investments - Welfare Benefit plan, and the accompanying notes to required supplementary information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Fund's basic financial statements. The other combining information as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other combining information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



Charleston, West Virginia
September 13, 2024

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**WEST VIRGINIA HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)**

INTRODUCTION

The West Virginia Housing Development Fund (the Fund) is a public body corporate with statewide responsibility for housing and operates a wide variety of programs to provide safe and affordable housing for residents and families in the State of West Virginia (the State). The Fund is a self-supporting agency and does not receive State appropriations for its operations. Through June 30, 2024, the Fund has provided assistance for almost 172,000 housing or housing-related units.

The permanent staff of the Fund consists of 114 persons as of June 30, 2024, including professional staff members qualified in the fields of accounting, finance, law, mortgage underwriting, mortgage loan servicing, secondary mortgage markets, planning, cost estimation, construction, inspection, and housing management. The Fund provides services in these fields for its programs as required and utilizes professional consulting services from time to time to supplement its own staff.

The Fund has 19 bond issues totaling \$683,195,000 par amount outstanding under its Housing Finance bond resolution. The bonds are rated "AAA" by Standard & Poor's Public Ratings Services (S&P) and "Aaa" by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's).

The Fund's unsecured long-term general obligation debt pledge is rated "Aaa" by Moody's and "AAA" by S&P. The Fund is the first and only housing finance agency ever to receive such ratings on its long-term general obligation debt pledge. These ratings are not assigned to any particular issue of debt, but rather represent an overall credit assessment of the Fund's long-term general obligation pledge.¹

The financial transactions of the Fund related to its various programs are reported in the enterprise fund financial statements, which are more fully explained in the Notes to the Financial Statements. These programs consist of the General Account, Bond Programs, Other Loan Programs, Affordable Housing Fund, Land Development Program, Bond Insurance Account, and Federal Programs. These were established in accordance with the West Virginia Housing Development Fund Act (the Act), the bond resolution, or at management's discretion. The restricted net position of the Fund includes the net position of the Bond Programs, Affordable Housing Fund, Land Development Program, Bond Insurance Account, and Federal Programs, which are restricted by the bond resolution, the Act, or federal regulations. The Fund reports one fiduciary type fund, the Welfare Benefit Plan, an irrevocable trust for postemployment healthcare insurance benefits (OPEB) for the Fund's employees. The fiduciary fund's activities benefit the employees of the Fund and the fiduciary fund's resources are not available to support the various programs of the enterprise fund.

As management of the Fund, we offer readers of the Fund's enterprise fund financial statements the following narrative overview and analysis of the Statements of Net Position and the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position as of and for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022.

¹ An explanation of the Moody's ratings may be obtained by writing to Moody's Investors Service, Inc., 7 World Trade Center, 250 Greenwich Street, New York, New York 10007; an explanation of the S&P ratings may be obtained by writing to Standard & Poor's Public Ratings Services, 55 Water Street, New York, New York 10041. There is no assurance that such ratings will be maintained for any period of time or that such ratings will not be withdrawn or revised downward by Moody's or S&P if, in their judgment, circumstances so warrant. Such actions, if taken, could have an adverse effect on the market price of bonds issued by the Fund.

USING THIS REPORT

This report consists of a series of enterprise fund financial statements extracted from the audited financial statements: the Statements of Net Position, the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position, and the Statements of Cash Flows. These statements provide information about the activities for each period presented.

The Fund prepares financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for state housing finance enterprise funds. The enterprise fund Statements of Net Position represent the difference between the assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the basis of accounting described above. Over time, increases or decreases in the net position are one indicator of whether financial status is improving, stable, or deteriorating. There are also other factors that should be considered when reviewing the operational results, such as changes in the interest rate environment, bond market, changes to state and federal laws governing the Fund's programs, changes to the tax code, and the real estate market in the State. The Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position reflect revenues, such as interest on loans, loan-servicing fees, interest on investments, fees for the administration of federal financial awards programs, and expenses, such as loan fees, program expenses, administrative expenses, and interest on outstanding debt. The Notes to the Financial Statements provide information that is essential to fully understand the data provided in the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Fiscal year 2024 was an impressive production year for the Fund. Lower interest rates offered to our borrowers gave us a competitive advantage over banks and lenders. To meet this demand, \$325,000,000 in single family bonds were issued to fund homeownership loans. Multi-family construction production also had an increase during the fiscal year. This increase in bond issuances and mortgage lending, had a significant impact throughout our Statement of Net Position and Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position. Expenses and income related to the increase in production include the bond cost of issuance expenses, loan origination fees, service fees, interest and fee income. Assets and liabilities also fluctuated due to increased mortgage loan balances and debt outstanding.

Following is a comparison of the enterprise fund condensed Statements of Net Position at June 30:

(Dollars in thousands)	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
ASSETS			
Current assets	\$ 190,211	\$ 166,703	\$ 201,282
Noncurrent assets:			
Mortgage loans & Restricted mortgage loans, net of allowance for losses	1,020,647	790,556	700,538
Restricted Federal Program mortgage loans, net of allowance for losses	70,879	64,220	64,434
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	112,097	76,104	57,626
Investments & Restricted investments	60,664	63,345	49,587
Capital assets, net of depreciation	7,168	7,350	7,619
Other assets & Restricted other assets, net of allowance for losses	1,895	2,855	5,354
Total assets	<u>1,463,561</u>	<u>1,171,133</u>	<u>1,086,440</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB	<u>2,131</u>	<u>3,267</u>	<u>3,795</u>
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and other liabilities	23,783	19,015	18,704
Accrued interest payable	4,048	2,040	1,260
Bonds payable	29,520	21,915	18,885
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Bonds & notes payable, net	654,168	368,057	267,521
Other liabilities	142,282	167,021	197,516
Total liabilities	<u>853,801</u>	<u>578,048</u>	<u>503,886</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB	<u>632</u>	<u>367</u>	<u>5,283</u>
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	7,168	7,350	7,619
Net position - Restricted	476,559	470,784	464,577
Net position - Unrestricted	127,532	117,851	108,870
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$ 611,259</u>	<u>\$ 595,985</u>	<u>\$ 581,066</u>

Below is additional discussion of the significant financial statement items and the changes in those items over the prior two years due to recent events and activities of the Fund, current economic factors, and other factors affecting financial and programmatic operations.

Current assets

The increase of \$23,508,000 (14.1%) in *Current assets* from 2023 to 2024 was primarily due to an increase of \$36,739,000 in cash for program disbursements and debt service, an increase of \$11,740,000 in cash due to a long-term investment reinvested as short-term, an increase of \$3,928,000 in funds held for others which includes insurance and tax accounts held on behalf of the Fund's various mortgagors, an increase of \$1,527,000 in accrued interest, an increase of \$80,000 in foreclosed property, an increase of \$33,000 in accounts receivable, a decrease of \$30,025,000 in federal funds, which includes COVID relief funds, a decrease of \$287,000 in cash held for the Federal Home Loan Bank of Pittsburgh's HOME 4 Good program, and a decrease of \$218,000 in the balance of Mortgage Loans Held for Sale.

The decrease of \$34,579,000 (17.2%) in *Current assets* from 2022 to 2023 was primarily due to a decrease of \$32,866,000 in federal funds, which includes COVID relief funds, a decrease in cash of \$4,395,000 for debt service, a \$739,000 decrease in accounts receivable, a decrease of \$557,000 in cash held for the Federal Home Loan Bank of Pittsburgh's HOME 4 Good program, a decrease of \$173,000 in foreclosed property, a decrease of \$20,000 in the balance of Mortgage Loans Held for Sale, an increase of \$1,469,000 in multifamily construction funds, an increase of \$1,334,000 in funds held for others which includes insurance and tax accounts held on behalf of the Fund's various mortgagors, an increase of \$971,000 in cash for program disbursements, and an increase of \$402,000 in accrued interest.

Mortgage loans & Restricted mortgage loans, net of allowance for losses

The increase of \$230,091,000 (29.1%) in *Mortgage loans & Restricted mortgage loans, net of allowance for losses* from 2023 to 2024 was primarily due to originations of \$318,121,000 exceeding loan repayments of \$84,352,000, foreclosures of \$2,008,000, and an increase in allowance for loan losses of \$1,670,000.

The increase of \$90,018,000 (12.8%) in *Mortgage loans & Restricted mortgage loans, net of allowance for losses* from 2022 to 2023 was primarily due to originations of \$174,204,000 exceeding loan repayments of \$81,607,000, foreclosures of \$2,325,000, and an increase in allowance for loan losses of \$254,000.

Restricted Federal Program mortgage loans, net of allowance for losses

This line item consists of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development's (HUD) HOME Investment Program (HOME), National Housing Trust Fund (NHTF) and Emergency Rental Assistance mortgage loans. The fluctuations from year to year represent the net of program loan originations and repayments during the years presented.

Restricted cash and cash equivalents

The increase of \$35,993,000 (47.3%) in *Restricted cash and cash equivalents* from 2023 to 2024 was primarily due to a \$28,494,000 net increase in the balance of funds available to purchase single family mortgage loans related to the timing of bond issuances and an increase of \$7,499,000 in short-term funds related to funding capital reserve accounts as a part of bond issuances.

The increase of \$18,478,000 (32.1%) in *Restricted cash and cash equivalents* from 2022 to 2023 was primarily due to a \$20,084,000 net increase in the balance of funds available to purchase single family mortgage loans related to the timing of bond issuances and a decrease of \$1,606,000 in short-term funds on hand in 2022 invested long-term in 2023.

Investments & Restricted investments

The fluctuations in *Investments and Restricted investments* from year to year is the net effect of investment purchases, redemptions, maturities and amortization and the change in fair value of investments as required by governmental accounting standards. Certain investments are required to be recorded at fair value and the unrealized gains or losses are to be reported in the enterprise fund Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position.

The following summary illustrates the changes in Investments & Restricted investments as of June 30:

(Dollars in thousands)	2024	2023	2022
Balance at beginning of fiscal year	\$ 63,345	\$ 49,587	\$ 38,746
Sales and maturities	(58,395)	(37,313)	(1,063)
Purchases	56,043	52,231	16,638
Decrease in fair value of investments and amortizations	(329)	(1,160)	(4,734)
Balance at end of fiscal year	<u>\$ 60,664</u>	<u>\$ 63,345</u>	<u>\$ 49,587</u>

Capital assets, net of depreciation See Note A – Capital assets, net of depreciation

The decrease of \$182,000 (2.5%) from 2023 to 2024 was due to depreciation of the Fund’s office building, equipment, and software.

The decrease of \$269,000 (3.5%) from 2022 to 2023 was due to depreciation of the Fund’s office building, equipment, and software.

Other assets and Restricted other assets, net of allowance for losses

The decrease of \$960,000 (33.6%) in Other assets and Restricted other assets, net of allowance for losses from 2023 to 2024 was primarily due to a \$1,317,000 decrease in foreclosed properties, a decrease of \$71,000 due from Federal program reimbursements, and an increase in the net pension and OPEB (Other Postemployment Benefits) assets of \$414,000, and an increase of \$14,000 in prepaid expenses.

The decrease of \$2,499,000 (46.7%) in Other assets and Restricted other assets, net of allowance for losses from 2022 to 2023 was primarily due to a decrease in the net pension asset of \$3,538,000, a decrease in miscellaneous assets of \$12,000, a \$1,023,000 increase in foreclosed properties, and an increase of \$28,000 due from Federal program reimbursements.

Deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB and Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB
See Note A – Accounting methods

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are directly related to the activity described in Note F – Retirement Plan to the financial statements in accounting for the changes in the Fund’s proportionate share of the West Virginia Public Employees Retirement System’s net pension liability (asset) and in Note H – Other Postemployment Healthcare Benefits to the financial statements in accounting for the changes in the Fund’s net OPEB liability (asset).

Accounts payable and other liabilities

The increase of \$4,768,000 (25.1%) in Accounts payable and other liabilities from 2023 to 2024 was primarily due to an increase of \$4,615,000 in funds held for others, which includes tax and insurance accounts held on behalf of the Fund’s various mortgagees, an increase of \$433,000 in accrued expenses at year-end, an increase in the bond rebate liability of \$8,000, and a decrease of \$288,000 in cash held on behalf of the Federal Home Loan Bank of Pittsburgh (FHLB) for program disbursements to be used for its Home4Good program.

The increase of \$311,000 (1.7%) in Accounts payable and other liabilities from 2022 to 2023 was primarily due to an increase of \$1,137,000 in funds held for others, which includes tax and insurance accounts held on behalf of the Fund’s various mortgagees, a decrease of \$557,000 in cash held on behalf of the Federal Home Loan Bank of Pittsburgh (FHLB) for program disbursements to be used for its Home4Good program, a decrease of \$200,000 in accrued expenses at year-end, and a decrease in the bond rebate liability of \$69,000.

Bonds and notes payable, current and noncurrent

As illustrated in the following schedule, the changes in Bonds and notes payable were due to the early redemption of bonds, scheduled debt service payments, and new bonds and notes issued. The changes in the balance of bonds and notes payable and interest rates generally account for the fluctuations in Accrued interest payable in 2024 and 2023. See Note D – Bonds Payable, Other liabilities

(Dollars in thousands)	2024	2023	2022
Balance at beginning of the fiscal year			
Bonds payable - current	\$ 21,915	\$ 18,885	\$ 22,285
Bonds payable - noncurrent	368,057	267,521	290,636
Debt issued:			
Housing Finance Bonds (including discount)	325,000	134,953	30,000
Other Loan Programs note payable	250	-	250
Debt paid:			
Scheduled debt service	(22,009)	(19,000)	(21,278)
Early redemptions	(9,525)	(12,370)	(35,530)
Other Loan Programs note payable allowance for losses ⁽¹⁾	-	(17)	43
Balance at end of the fiscal year	<u>\$ 683,688</u>	<u>\$ 389,972</u>	<u>\$ 286,406</u>
Bonds payable - current	\$ 29,520	\$ 21,915	\$ 18,885
Bonds & notes payable - noncurrent	654,168	368,057	267,521
Total bonds & notes payable	<u>\$ 683,688</u>	<u>\$ 389,972</u>	<u>\$ 286,406</u>

⁽¹⁾ See Note D - Bonds Payable

The decrease of \$24,739,000 (14.8%) in Other liabilities from 2023 to 2024 was due to the expenditure of \$27,105,000 in federal COVID relief funds for rental and homeowner assistance programs the Fund administers on behalf of the State, a decrease of \$587,000 in the net OPEB liability, a decrease of \$663,000 in the net pension liability, and an increase of \$3,616,000 due to Federal Program mortgage loan repayments and prepayments exceeding originations.

The decrease of \$30,495,000 (15.4%) in Other liabilities from 2022 to 2023 was due to the expenditure of \$31,596,000 in federal COVID relief funds for rental and homeowner assistance programs the Fund administers on behalf of the State, and a decrease in the net OPEB liability of \$261,000 and an increase of \$699,000 due to Federal Program mortgage loan repayments and prepayments exceeding originations, and an increase of \$663,000 in the net pension liability.

Total Net Position improved by \$14,919,000 (2.6%) from June 30, 2022 to June 30, 2023. From June 30, 2023 to June 30, 2024, Total Net Position improved by \$15,274,000 (2.6%) as the enterprise fund net position improved to \$611,259,000 at June 30, 2024.

Following is a comparison of condensed enterprise fund Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position for the fiscal years ended June 30:

(Dollars in thousands)	2024	2023	2022
REVENUES			
Interest on loans	\$ 41,298	\$ 31,864	\$ 28,927
Pass-through grant revenue	120,408	150,693	191,700
Fee revenue	9,734	8,599	8,637
Net investment earnings (non-operating)	10,829	4,592	(2,723)
Other	886	875	1,207
Total Revenues	<u>183,155</u>	<u>196,623</u>	<u>227,748</u>
EXPENSES			
Pass-through grant expense	120,408	150,693	191,700
Interest and debt expense (non-operating)	18,316	9,923	7,357
Loan fees expense	9,053	5,185	4,209
Program expenses, net	8,654	5,757	4,332
Administrative expenses, net	11,450	10,146	6,034
Total Expenses	<u>167,881</u>	<u>181,704</u>	<u>213,632</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	<u>15,274</u>	<u>14,919</u>	<u>14,116</u>
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>595,985</u>	<u>581,066</u>	<u>566,950</u>
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 611,259</u>	<u>\$ 595,985</u>	<u>\$ 581,066</u>

Interest on loans

The increase in Interest on loans of \$9,434,000 (29.6%) from 2023 to 2024 was due to an increase in the volume of loans and an increase in the average mortgage loan rate.

The increase in Interest on loans of \$2,937,000 (10.2%) from 2022 to 2023 was due to an increase in the volume of loans and an increase in the average mortgage loan rate.

Pass through grant revenue and Pass through grant expense

This line item represents federal funds received and disbursed to sub-recipients under Federal Programs.

The decrease of \$30,285,000 (20.1%) from 2023 to 2024 was primarily due to a decrease of \$40,355,000 in program disbursements for federal COVID relief rental assistance programs the Fund is administering on behalf of the State, a decrease of \$374,000 in National Housing Trust Fund disbursements, an increase of \$5,337,000 in HOME disbursements, an increase of \$2,860,000 in Section 8 Housing Assistance Payments Program disbursements, an increase of \$2,196,000 in Community Development Block Grants (CDBG) disbursements, and an increase of \$51,000 in program disbursements for the federal COVID relief homeowner assistance program the Fund is administering on behalf of the State.

The decrease of \$41,007,000 (21.4%) from 2022 to 2023 was primarily due to a decrease of \$63,956,000 in program disbursements for federal COVID relief rental assistance programs the Fund is administering on behalf of the State, a decrease of \$858,000 in HOME disbursements, an increase of \$14,744,000 in program disbursements for the federal COVID relief homeowner assistance program the Fund is administering on behalf of the State, an increase of \$6,036,000 in Community Development Block Grants (CDBG) disbursements, an increase of \$2,591,000 in National Housing Trust Fund disbursements, and an increase of \$436,000 in Section 8 Housing Assistance Payments Program disbursements.

Fee revenue

The increase of \$1,135,000 (13.2%) in Fee revenue from 2023 to 2024 was primarily due to an increase of \$907,000 in mortgage loan processing fees, an increase of \$217,000 Section 8 fees, an increase of \$77,000 in Low-Income Housing Tax credit fees, a decrease of \$63,000 in Affordable Housing Fund fees, and a decrease of \$3,000 in foreclosure fees.

The decrease of \$38,000 (0.4%) in Fee revenue from 2022 to 2023 was primarily due to a decrease of \$140,000 in mortgage loan processing fees, a decrease of \$133,000 in Affordable Housing Fund fees, an increase of \$119,000 Section 8 fees, an increase of \$108,000 in Low-Income Housing Tax credit fees and an increase of \$8,000 in foreclosure fees.

Net investment earnings

Net investment earnings increased \$7,315,000 (268.6%) from 2022 to 2023 and increased \$6,237,000 (135.8%) from 2023 to 2024 in the comparison of revenues and expenses above. However, Net investment earnings include unrealized gains and losses in the fair value of investments for each of the fiscal years presented as required by United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (US GAAP). As shown in the schedule below, investment earnings, adjusted for the unrealized gains or losses, increased 212.0% from 2022 to 2023 and increased 83.3% from 2023 to 2024.

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30,		
	2024	2023	2022
Net investment earnings per operating statement	\$ 10,829	\$ 4,592	\$ (2,723)
Adjustments for unrealized loss on fair value of securities	753	1,725	4,748
Interest earned on investments	\$ 11,582	\$ 6,317	\$ 2,025
% Increase (Decrease) from prior year	83.3%	212.0%	

Interest and debt expense

The \$8,393,000 (84.6%) increase in Interest and debt expense from 2023 to 2024 was primarily due to debt issuances of \$325,250,000 exceeding \$22,009,000 in debt service and \$9,525,000 in redemptions.

The \$2,566,000 (34.9%) increase in *Interest and debt expense* from 2022 to 2023 was primarily due to debt issuances of \$134,953,000 exceeding \$19,000,000 in debt service and \$12,370,000 in redemptions.

Loan fees expense

The \$3,868,000 (74.6%) increase in *Loan fees expense* from 2023 to 2024 was primarily due to an increase in loan origination fees of \$2,666,000, an increase in service release fees of \$795,000, and an increase in service fees on loans of \$407,000.

The \$976,000 (23.2%) increase in *Loan fees expense* from 2022 to 2023 was primarily due to an increase in loan origination fees of \$669,000, an increase in service fees on loans of \$185,000, and an increase in service release fees of \$122,000.

Program expenses, net

The \$2,897,000 (50.3%) increase in *Program expenses, net* from 2023 to 2024 was primarily due to an increase of \$1,523,000 in cost of issuance expenses, an increase of \$1,447,000 in bad debt expense, an increase of \$571,000 in losses on sale of foreclosed properties, an increase of \$118,000 in Special Needs disbursements, an increase of \$101,000 in general program disbursements, a decrease of \$554,000 in Affordable Housing Fund disbursements, and a decrease of \$309,000 in expenses related to repairs and holding costs for foreclosed properties.

The \$1,425,000 (32.9%) increase in *Program expenses, net* from 2022 to 2023 was primarily due to an increase of \$1,115,000 in cost of issuance expenses, an increase of \$410,000 in Affordable Housing Fund disbursements, an increase of \$158,000 in expenses related to repairs and holding costs for foreclosed properties, an increase of \$24,000 in building expenses, a decrease of \$174,000 in losses on sale of foreclosed properties, a decrease of \$44,000 in general program disbursements, a decrease of \$33,000 in bad debt expense, and a decrease of \$28,000 in Special Needs disbursements.

Administrative expenses, net

The \$1,304,000 (12.9%) increase in *Administrative expenses, net* from 2023 to 2024 was primarily due to an increase of \$249,000 in professional services and temporary employees, an increase of \$112,000 in salary and benefit expenses, an increase in computer related expenses of \$90,000, a decrease in various administrative reimbursements of \$1,118,000 related to the administration of COVID relief funds, a decrease in pension and OPEB related expenses of \$204,000, a decrease of \$46,000 in general expenses, and a decrease of \$15,000 in travel expenses.

The \$4,112,000 (68.1%) increase in *Administrative expenses, net* from 2022 to 2023 was primarily due to an increase in pension and OPEB related expenses of \$1,447,000, an increase of \$199,000 in professional services and temporary employees, an increase of \$136,000 in general expenses, an increase of \$78,000 in travel expenses, an increase of \$23,000 in salary and benefit expenses, a decrease in various administrative reimbursements of \$2,300,000 related to the administration of COVID relief funds, a decrease in computer related expenses of \$52,000, and a decrease in compensated absences of \$20,000.

OVERVIEW OF THE ENTERPRISE FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

COVID Relief Programs

In response to the housing crisis related to a global outbreak of COVID-19, a respiratory disease declared to be a pandemic (the Pandemic) by the World Health Organization, Congress enacted the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 in December 2020 creating the Emergency Rental Assistance (ERA1) program to provide funding to assist households that were unable to pay rent or utilities. The Fund received the State's allocation of \$200 million under this Act to administer the rental assistance program on behalf of the State. As of June 30, 2024, \$87,240,000 of these funds have been disbursed for rental and utility assistance. These funds are included in pass through grant revenue and pass through grant expense and in restricted cash and cash equivalents. As of August 26, 2022, the Fund ceased accepting applications for rental and utility assistance and all activity under ERA1 ceased pursuant to the U.S. Treasury guidelines as of September 30, 2022.

In addition, in March 2021 Congress enacted the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, which allocated an additional \$152,000,000 to the State for rental assistance for the Emergency Rental Assistance (ERA2) Program and \$50,000,000 in homeowner assistance for the Homeowners Assistance Fund (HAF), both of which the Fund administers on behalf of the State. Collectively, ERA1 and ERA2 are locally known as the Mountaineer Rental Assistance Program (MRAP). As of June 30, 2024, \$85,070,000 of the ERA2 funds has been disbursed for rental and utility assistance and \$3,580,000 for the development of multifamily rental units. In addition, \$36,389,000 of the HAF funds has been disbursed for mortgage and utility assistance. These funds are included in pass through grant revenue and pass through grant expense and in restricted cash and cash equivalents. As of May 8, 2024, the Housing Development Fund ceased accepting applications for assistance under the HAF Program.

Mortgage Lending

The Fund's Bond Programs are the core-housing programs and the primary source of income for the Fund. Various economic and regulatory factors such as prevailing economic conditions, mortgage interest rates, investment rates, the demand for housing, the cost of housing and of operating housing programs, the volume of mortgage lending activity in the State and other factors affecting the supply of housing in the State can create significant challenges for the Fund in both the Bond Programs and its overall operations.

The Fund's Movin' Up program is a long-term strategy intended to be a self-funding lending program as an alternative to dependency on the bond market and a method of assisting moderate income borrowers. The program is designed to attract a market to our single family loan program and provide a long-term increase in the Fund's mortgage loan balances. Unlike other single family bond programs the Fund offers, the Movin' Up Program does not have a first time homebuyer restriction and has significantly higher income limits than other single family programs offered. Its target market is moderate income buyers who may have outgrown their current homes and want to move up to a larger home and may provide the borrower with down payment and closing cost assistance.

In fiscal years 2020 and 2021, a decrease in interest rates contributed to an increase in the number of borrowers refinancing their mortgages. To a lesser extent, the decrease also reduced the Fund's competitive edge of mortgage rates and loan originations. The Fund's Bond Program mortgage loan balances decreased \$22,494,000 (3.8%) in fiscal year 2021 compared to 2020 due to borrowers refinancing loans due to a drop in interest rates. In fiscal year 2022, mortgage rates increased, and the Fund regained its competitive edge of mortgage rates and loan originations increased. The Fund's Bond Program mortgage loan balances increased \$13,505,000 (2.4%) in fiscal year 2022 as compared to fiscal year 2021 and increased \$82,211,000 (14.1%) in fiscal year 2023 as compared to fiscal year 2022. The Fund's Bond Program mortgage loan balances increased an additional \$225,373,000 (33.9%) in fiscal year 2024 as compared to fiscal year 2023. Mortgage loan balances and continued loan originations are key elements to future earnings potential.

The changes in Bond Programs mortgage loan balances from fiscal year 2022 through fiscal year 2024 are as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)			
	2024	June 30, 2023	2022
Beginning Balance	\$ 663,959	\$ 581,748	\$ 568,243
Repayments/Prepayments	(52,649)	(53,072)	(82,523)
Foreclosures	(4,353)	(2,898)	(2,372)
Originations	277,443	138,181	111,400
Interfund transfer	4,932	-	(13,000)
Ending Balance	<u>\$ 889,332</u>	<u>\$ 663,959</u>	<u>\$ 581,748</u>
% Increase from prior year	33.9%	14.1%	

The Fund continues to proactively monitor cash positions to ensure sufficient liquidity is maintained and to meet the increased demand for single family mortgage loan originations.

The Fund's single family Bond Program loans consist of 30-year fixed rate loans and no sub-prime loans. The median income of Fund single family borrowers is \$65,000 as of June 30, 2024. This income level tends to be impacted quicker than an average borrower during economic declines.

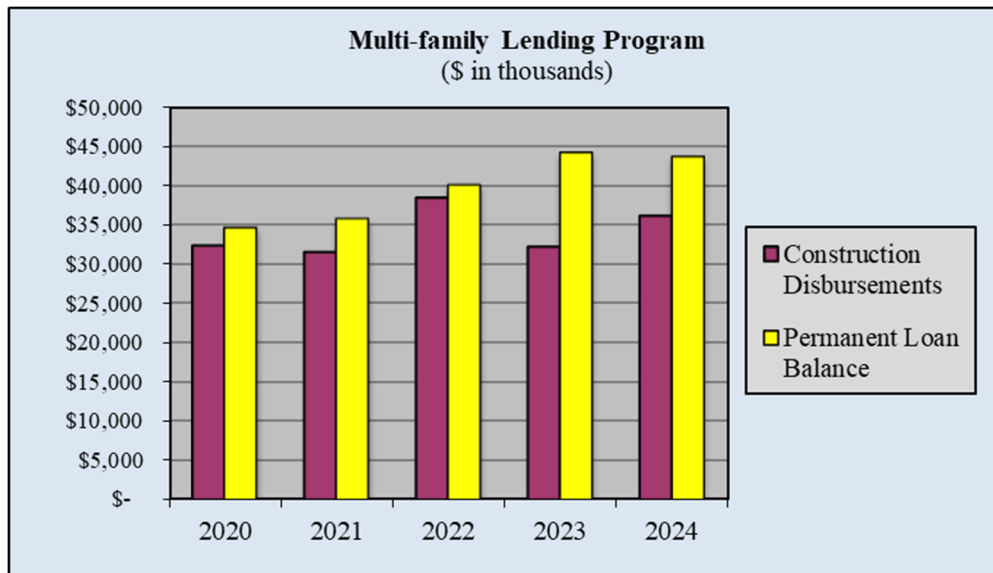
The ability of the Fund to pay debt service on bonds outstanding is heavily dependent on the receipt of mortgage payments from borrowers. However, the Fund maintains a Capital Reserve Fund in an amount no less than the highest aggregate debt service of any year on all outstanding Mortgage Finance Bonds. In addition, the Fund maintains the Bond Insurance Account, as required by the Act, to provide for the payment of debt service on Mortgage Finance Bonds, if necessary.

The Fund's Bond Program loan delinquency rates increased from 2022 to 2023 in the One-, Two- and Three-month categories and increased again from 2023 to 2024 as shown in the chart below. The Three + month category decreased in 2023 due to the expiration of the foreclosure moratorium and borrowers receiving assistance from the federal COVID relief HAF program. The Fund will continue to monitor delinquencies and increase communication with borrowers to control delinquencies where possible and/or modify loans as borrowers continue to deal with unemployment and other economic impacts.

Delinquency Rates					
WV Housing Development Fund					
Bond Programs					
As of June 30,					
	2024	2023	2022	WV*	USA*
				As of	
				June 30, 2024	
<u>Months Past Due</u>					
One	4.82%	3.70%	3.39%	3.19%	2.28%
Two	1.61%	1.45%	1.17%	0.90%	0.70%
Three	0.79%	0.43%	0.41%	1.29%	1.00%
Three +	3.47%	2.64%	3.81%	1.72%	1.43%
In foreclosure	0.12%	0.18%	0.35%	0.43%	0.43%

*Most current data available.

In response to a continual increase in the demand for affordable rental housing, the Fund provides financing for both construction and permanent financing of multifamily rental housing. Resources for this initiative are provided from Other Loan Programs, HOME, the National Housing Trust Fund, the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program and ERA2. Permanent loans financed from Other Loan Programs often carry United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) 538 loan guarantees. The Fund expects to continue its focus on financing rental housing into fiscal 2025 and future years.



Interest rates on new single family bond loans originated in fiscal year 2024 have averaged approximately 5.59%. Interest rates on new multifamily permanent loans originated in fiscal year 2024 have averaged approximately 4.51%. The average loan interest rate listed below shows the Bond Programs average for fiscal years 2022 through 2024.

<u>Average Loan Interest Rate</u>	
June 30, 2022	4.12%
June 30, 2023	4.41%
June 30, 2024	4.81%

Investments

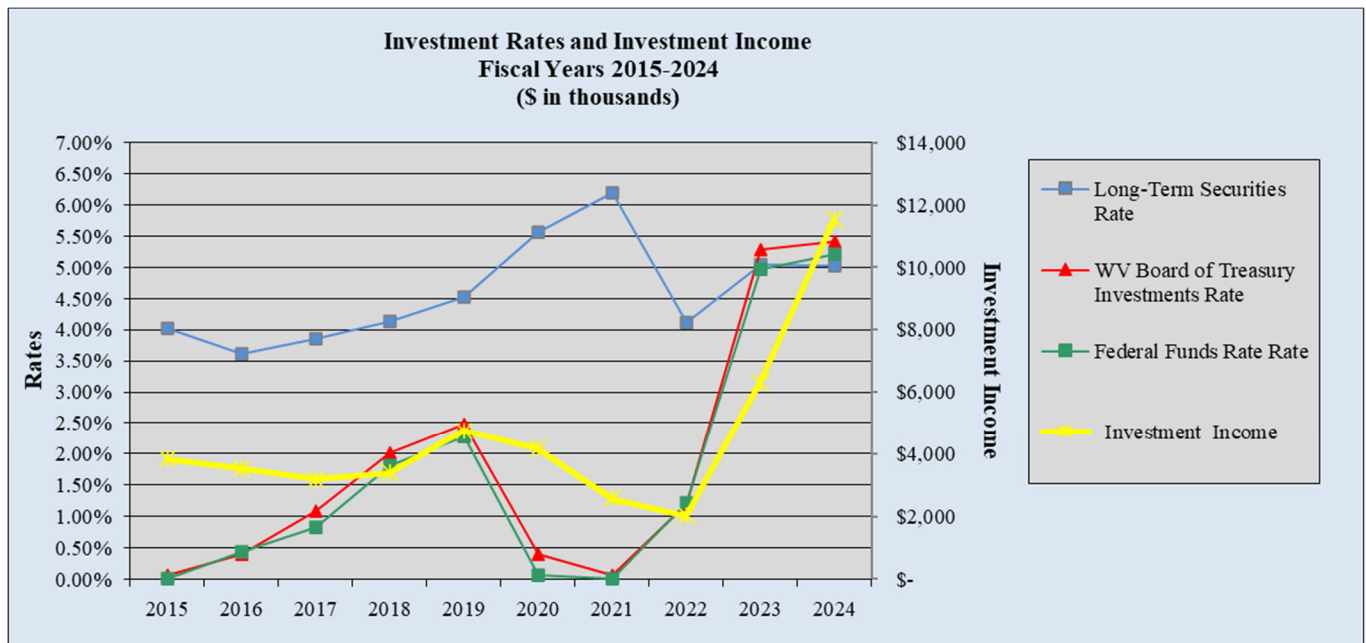
The Fund invests cash, as permitted by the Act, the bond resolution, and the Board approved Investment Policy. Funds related to the Bond Programs capital reserves and the Bond Insurance Account are primarily invested in long-term United States agency securities and FDIC insured money market accounts, which are expected to be held to maturity. Certain funds in the Bond Insurance Account and general operating funds are invested in mortgage loans held solely for investment. The interest earnings on these investment types are less affected by the fluctuation in short-term interest rates.

Loan proceeds and revenues of the Bond Programs, Other Loan Program, and operating funds are primarily on deposit with a bank, invested in FDIC insured money market accounts and short-term United States agency securities. All bank deposits are either FDIC insured or collateralized by permitted investments. The remaining funds are on deposit with the West Virginia Board of Treasury Investments (WVBOTI). Such funds are extremely sensitive to short-term interest rate fluctuations.

As shown in the following chart, the average investment rates for short-term investments and the WVBOTI have been consistent with the Federal Funds rate and have fluctuated accordingly.

Due to fluctuations in interest rates, investment earnings increased 83.3% from 2023 to 2024 and 212.0% from 2022 to 2023, net of unrealized gains or losses.

Below is a summary of the average investment rates from June 2015 to June 2024:



Debt Management (See Note D – Bonds Payable)

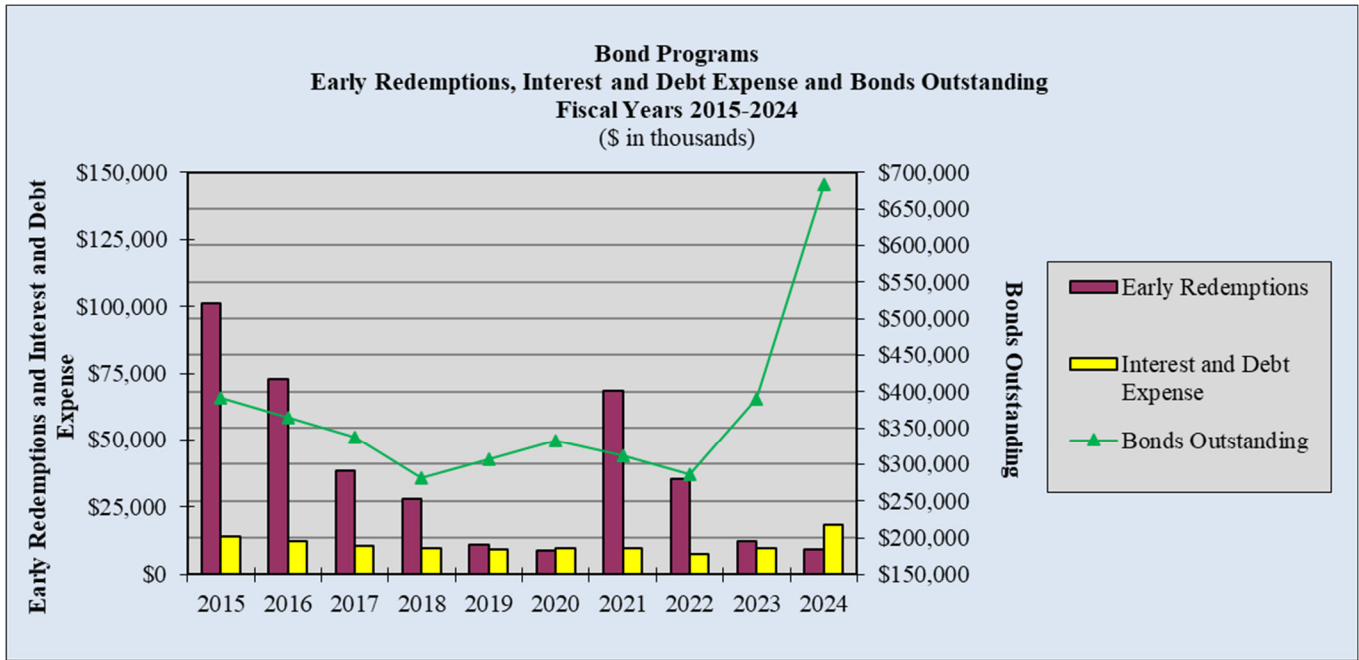
The Fund issues qualified mortgage revenue bonds to fund its single family Bond Programs. When bonds are issued, the initial proceeds are invested in short-term investments until the funds are used for the purchase of mortgage loans. Because short-term investment rates are typically lower than the long-term bond rates, this creates negative arbitrage. To reduce this negative arbitrage, the Fund delays the issuance of new bonds until absolutely necessary. The Fund sometimes uses general operating funds or other available funds as a warehouse line to purchase new loans in anticipation of bond sales.

When bonds are issued from the bond volume allocation, known as “new money” bonds, certain repayments and prepayments of mortgage loans made from these proceeds may be “recycled” into additional mortgage loans for ten years. The Fund uses recycling to supplement its bond issues by using prepayments for additional mortgage loans instead of issuing debt. If the market interest rates on mortgages are lower than the corresponding bond rates, the Fund may redeem bonds in lieu of recycling. However, if mortgage rates are higher than the corresponding bond rates the Fund may redirect prepayments into additional mortgage loans in lieu of redeeming bonds. Moving forward into fiscal year 2025 the Fund expects to continue to recycle mortgage loan repayments from its bond issues when it is economically prudent to do so.

During fiscal years 2022, 2023 and 2024, the Fund redeemed \$35,530,000, \$12,730,000 and \$9,525,000 in bonds, respectively. By actively redeeming bonds, the Fund offsets the impact of reduced mortgage loan balances and rates.

Interest and debt expense was \$7,357,000, \$9,923,000 and \$18,316,000 in fiscal years 2022, 2023 and 2024, respectively. Interest and debt expense increased in 2023 as compared to 2022 due to bond issuances of \$134,953,000 exceeding debt service of \$19,000,000 and \$12,370,000 in redemptions. Interest and debt expense increased in 2024 as compared to 2023 due to bond issuances of \$325,250,000 exceeding debt service of \$22,009,000 and \$9,525,000 in redemptions.

The following chart illustrates early bond redemptions, interest and debt expense and bonds outstanding in the Bond Programs.



Other

The Fund services all of its outstanding mortgage loans and services loans on behalf of Fannie Mae, the Federal Home Loan Bank of Pittsburgh and various non-profit organizations. The Fund is the largest loan servicer located in the State with serviced loans of \$1.4 billion. Servicing fee income in the amount of \$3,111,000 represents 4.96% of the Fund’s total revenues, net of pass through grant revenue, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

OVERVIEW OF THE FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Fund has one fiduciary fund, the Welfare Benefit Plan, which is an irrevocable trust for postemployment healthcare benefits for employees. These funds are not available to support the Fund’s enterprise activities. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for enterprise funds.

Net position restricted for other postemployment benefits improved by \$343,000 (5.3%) from June 30, 2022 to June 30, 2023. From June 30, 2023 to June 30, 2024, *Net position restricted for other postemployment benefits* improved by \$554,000 (8.2%) to \$7,324,000 at June 30, 2024.

The fiduciary fund financial statements Plan is discussed in greater detail in *Note H – Other Postemployment Healthcare Benefits*.

CONTACTING THE FUND’S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

The above financial highlights are designed to provide a general overview of the Fund’s operations and insight into the following financial statements. Additional information may be requested by contacting the Executive Director, West Virginia Housing Development Fund, at 5710 MacCorkle Ave. SE, Charleston, WV 25304, or may be found on our website at www.wvhdf.com.

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WEST VIRGINIA HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND
PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE - ENTERPRISE FUND
STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION
(Dollars in Thousands)

	June 30,	
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents-- (Notes A and C)	\$ 19,141	\$ 14,872
Accrued interest on loans	899	1,216
Accounts receivable and other assets, net of allowance for losses-- (Note A)	1,665	1,563
Mortgage loans held for sale-- (Note A)	-	218
Restricted cash and cash equivalents-- (Notes A and C)	164,280	146,455
Restricted accrued interest on loans	3,392	2,059
Restricted accrued interest on investments	834	320
Total current assets	<u>190,211</u>	<u>166,703</u>
Noncurrent assets:		
Mortgage loans, net of allowance for losses-- (Note A)	117,011	109,527
Capital assets, net of depreciation-- (Note A)	7,168	7,350
Restricted cash and cash equivalents-- (Notes A and C)	112,097	76,104
Restricted investments-- (Notes A and C)	60,664	63,345
Restricted mortgage loans, net of allowance for losses-- (Note A)	974,515	745,249
Restricted other assets, net of allowance for losses-- (Notes A, F and H)	1,895	2,855
Total noncurrent assets	<u>1,273,350</u>	<u>1,004,430</u>
Total assets	<u>1,463,561</u>	<u>1,171,133</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB-- (Notes A, F and H)	<u>2,131</u>	<u>3,267</u>
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and other liabilities-- (Note A)	23,783	19,015
Accrued interest payable	4,048	2,040
Bonds payable-- (Note D)	29,520	21,915
Total current liabilities	<u>57,351</u>	<u>42,970</u>
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Other liabilities-- (Notes A, F and H)	142,282	167,021
Bonds & notes payable-- (Note D)	654,168	368,057
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>796,450</u>	<u>535,078</u>
Total liabilities	<u>853,801</u>	<u>578,048</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB-- (Notes A, F and H)	<u>632</u>	<u>367</u>
NET POSITION		
Restricted for debt service	409,809	397,878
Restricted by state statute	66,336	72,906
Restricted for pension and OPEB	414	-
Net investment in capital assets	7,168	7,350
Unrestricted	127,532	117,851
Total net position	<u>\$ 611,259</u>	<u>\$ 595,985</u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

**WEST VIRGINIA HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND
 PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE - ENTERPRISE FUND
 STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND
 CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION
 (Dollars in Thousands)**

	For the fiscal years ended June 30,	
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
OPERATING REVENUES		
Interest on loans	\$ 41,298	\$ 31,864
Pass-through grant revenue-- (Note A)	120,408	150,693
Fee revenue-- (Note A)	9,734	8,599
Other-- (Note A)	886	875
	<u>172,326</u>	<u>192,031</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Pass-through grant expense-- (Note A)	120,408	150,693
Loan fees expense-- (Note A)	9,053	5,185
Program expenses, net-- (Note A)	8,654	5,757
Administrative expenses, net-- (Note A)	11,450	10,146
	<u>149,565</u>	<u>171,781</u>
OPERATING INCOME	22,761	20,250
NON-OPERATING - FINANCING AND INVESTING (EXPENSES) REVENUES		
Investment earnings:		
Interest	11,582	6,317
Net decrease in the fair value of investments	(753)	(1,725)
Net investment earnings	10,829	4,592
Interest and debt expense	(18,316)	(9,923)
	<u>(7,487)</u>	<u>(5,331)</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	<u>15,274</u>	<u>14,919</u>
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>595,985</u>	<u>581,066</u>
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 611,259</u>	<u>\$ 595,985</u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

**WEST VIRGINIA HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND
 PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE - ENTERPRISE FUND
 STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
 (Dollars in Thousands)**

	For the fiscal years ended	
	June 30,	
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from lending activities	\$ 133,472	\$ 119,655
Receipts from other operating activities	7,670	6,476
Receipts from escrows and advance activities ⁽¹⁾	40,717	43,337
Disbursements from escrows and advance activities ⁽¹⁾	(37,086)	(42,401)
Receipts for federal lending activities	10,764	8,570
Receipts for federal activities	78,076	120,025
Disbursements for federal activities	(99,489)	(135,631)
Purchase of mortgage loans	(334,945)	(182,782)
Purchase of mortgage loans held for sale	(7,102)	(2,808)
Sales of mortgage loans	7,320	2,828
Payments to employees for salaries and benefits	(8,759)	(8,104)
Payments to vendors	(22,947)	(29,940)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>(232,309)</u>	<u>(100,775)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Net proceeds from bonds and notes	343,250	134,953
Retirement of bonds and notes	(49,534)	(31,370)
Interest paid	(16,308)	(9,142)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	<u>277,408</u>	<u>94,441</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from maturities of investments	58,395	37,313
Purchase of investments	(56,043)	(52,229)
Net investment earnings	10,636	5,682
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	<u>12,988</u>	<u>(9,234)</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	58,087	(15,568)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	<u>237,431</u>	<u>252,999</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<u>\$ 295,518</u>	<u>\$ 237,431</u>
Cash and cash equivalents consist of:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,141	\$ 14,872
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - current	164,280	146,455
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - noncurrent	112,097	76,104
	<u>\$ 295,518</u>	<u>\$ 237,431</u>

⁽¹⁾ See Note A, *Restricted cash and cash equivalents*.

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

**WEST VIRGINIA HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND
 PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE - ENTERPRISE FUND
 STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)
 (Dollars in Thousands)**

	For the fiscal years ended	
	June 30,	
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Operating income	\$ 22,761	\$ 20,250
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Change in assets and liabilities:		
Accrued interest on loans	317	(484)
Mortgage loans held for sale	218	21
Other assets	288	1,189
Allowance for losses on other assets	4	(7)
Restricted accrued interest on loans	(1,333)	84
Restricted other assets	1,641	2,323
Allowance for (recovery of) losses on restricted other assets	(354)	176
Mortgage loans	(6,275)	(7,832)
Allowance for losses on mortgage loans	(1,210)	(1,092)
Restricted mortgage loans	(232,471)	(84,781)
Allowance for losses on restricted mortgage loans	3,205	3,901
Accounts payable	4,768	360
Other liabilities, federal programs	(23,488)	(30,897)
Deferred outflows of resources - pension and OPEB	1,136	528
Deferred inflows of resources - pension and OPEB	(265)	(4,916)
Other liabilities, pension and OPEB	(1,251)	402
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>\$ (232,309)</u>	<u>\$ (100,775)</u>
Noncash investing and financing activities:		
Decrease in fair value of investments	\$ (746)	\$ (1,793)
Net amortization of (discounts) premiums on investments	416	(569)

**WEST VIRGINIA HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND
 FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE - WELFARE BENEFIT PLAN
 STATEMENTS OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
 (Dollars in Thousands)**

	June 30,	
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
ASSETS		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 841	\$ 904
Restricted accrued interest on investments	56	34
Restricted investments:		
U.S. Treasury securities	4,475	2,944
Federal agency securities	730	1,192
Certificates of deposit	1,240	1,699
Total restricted investments	<u>6,445</u>	<u>5,835</u>
Total restricted assets	<u>7,342</u>	<u>6,773</u>
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and other liabilities	<u>18</u>	<u>3</u>
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS		
	<u>\$ 7,324</u>	<u>\$ 6,770</u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

**WEST VIRGINIA HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND
 FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE - WELFARE BENEFIT PLAN
 STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
 (Dollars in Thousands)**

	For the fiscal years ended	
	June 30,	
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
ADDITIONS		
Contributions - employer	\$ 401	\$ 450
Investment income (loss):		
Interest	239	141
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	110	(55)
Net investment income (loss)	<u>349</u>	<u>86</u>
Total additions	750	536
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefits	158	169
Administrative expenses	38	24
Total deductions	<u>196</u>	<u>193</u>
NET INCREASE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	554	343
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS		
BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>6,770</u>	<u>6,427</u>
END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 7,324</u>	<u>\$ 6,770</u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

WEST VIRGINIA HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, AN INTEGRAL PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2024

NOTE A – AGENCY DESCRIPTION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The West Virginia Housing Development Fund (the Fund) is a governmental instrumentality of the State of West Virginia (the State) and a public body corporate, created under the provisions of Article 18, Chapter 31 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, and known as the West Virginia Housing Development Fund Act (the Act). Under the Act, the Fund's corporate purposes primarily relate to providing various housing programs. The Fund can also finance non-residential projects as defined in the Act.

The Fund is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of the Governor, Attorney General, Commissioner of Agriculture, and Treasurer of the State, all of whom serve ex-officio as public directors, and seven members, chosen by the Governor with the advice and consent of the State Senate, as private directors from the general public residing in the State. The Act designates the Governor or his or her designee as the Chair of the Board of Directors and provides that the Governor shall appoint the Executive Director, with the advice and consent of the State Senate, and that the Executive Director will serve at the Governor's will and pleasure.

The Fund receives no appropriations from the State; however, it is included as a discretely presented component unit of the primary government in the State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The reporting entity for the Fund includes its Enterprise Fund and Welfare Benefit Plan. In defining the Fund for financial reporting purposes, management considered all potential component units. Based on the criteria of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, the Fund has one component unit, the Welfare Benefit Plan, an irrevocable trust for postemployment healthcare insurance benefits provided to the Fund's employees. The Fund's financial statement presentation includes the Welfare Benefit Plan as a fiduciary fund.

The various programs of the Fund consist of the General Account, the Bond Programs, Other Loan Programs, Affordable Housing Fund, Land Development Program, Bond Insurance Account, and Federal Programs.

The General Account includes the results of the Fund's loan servicing operations, administrative expenses of the Fund's operations, operations of the Fund's building, fee income related to the administration of the Section 8 Housing Assistance Payments Programs (HAPs Program) and the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program, and Single Family mortgage loans remaining after the retirement of the corresponding bonds.

The Bond Programs include the activities of the single-family bond programs under the Housing Finance Bond Program resolution, the purpose of which is to provide affordable housing throughout the State. Assets and revenues of the Bond Programs are restricted, subject to the provisions of the bond resolution, and are available for other purposes only to the extent they are not required to meet specified reserve and funding provisions of the resolution.

Other Loan Programs include the Down Payment and Closing Cost Assistance Program, Secondary Market Program, Multifamily Lending Program, Low-Income Assisted Mortgage Program, On-Site Septic Systems Loan Program and the Special Assistance Lending Program, all of which have been financed from the general reserves of the Fund.

The Affordable Housing Fund was created by the State Legislature in 2018 through the transfer of operations of the West Virginia Affordable Housing Trust Fund to the Fund effective June 8, 2018. The Affordable Housing Fund's purpose is to provide funding for both technical assistance and housing assistance to 501(C)(3) non-profits, public housing authorities and government entities to encourage stronger partnerships, collaboration and greater involvement of local communities in meeting housing needs in the State. The Affordable Housing Fund receives a fee of twenty dollars on the transfer of real property and on the sale of factory-built homes by licensed dealers and is restricted by State statute. The transfer fees are required to be set aside in a special purpose account for the sole benefit of the Affordable Housing Fund.

The Land Development Program was established by the Act in 1973 with a \$2,000,000 appropriation from the State Legislature from which the Fund can make below-market interest rate loans to developers to acquire and improve land for residential housing and non-residential construction. The Land Development Program includes the West Virginia Property Rescue Initiative Program and is restricted by State statute. The Land Development Program is included in the Fund's financial statements but is kept separate and apart from all other accounts of the Fund and the State.

The Bond Insurance Account was created by the Act as a special trust fund within the State Treasury designated as the “Mortgage Finance Bond Insurance Fund” and was established to provide for the payment of principal and interest in the event of default by the Fund on “Mortgage Finance Bonds,” as defined in the Act. The Bond Insurance Account is restricted by State statute and is under the supervision of the West Virginia Municipal Bond Commission (the “Bond Commission”). The Bond Insurance Account is included in the Fund’s financial statements but is kept separate and apart from all other accounts of the Fund, the Bond Commission, and the State. The only Mortgage Finance Bonds currently outstanding are in the Housing Finance Bond Program.

Federal Programs include the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development’s (HUD) HOME Investment Program (HOME), National Housing Trust Fund (NHTF), HOME American Rescue Plan (ARP), Tax Credit Assistance Program (TCAP), HAPs Program and the U.S. Treasury’s Tax Credit Exchange Program (TCEP) for which the Fund acts as program administrator. These programs are funded solely through federal monies and are restricted by Federal regulations.

Additionally, in response to the housing crisis related to the COVID-19 Pandemic, Congress enacted the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 in December 2020 creating the Emergency Rental Assistance (ERA1) program to provide funding to assist households that are unable to pay rent or utilities. The Fund received the State’s allocation of \$200 million under this Act to administer the rental assistance program on behalf of the State. As of August 26, 2022, the Fund ceased accepting applications for rental and utility assistance and all activity under ERA1 ceased pursuant to the U.S. Treasury guidelines as of September 30, 2022. As of June 30, 2024, \$87,240,000 of these funds had been disbursed for rental and utility assistance.

In addition, in March 2021 Congress enacted the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, which allocated an additional \$152,000,000 to the State for the Emergency Rental Assistance (ERA2) Program and \$50,000,000 in homeowner’s assistance for the Homeowners Assistance Fund (HAF), both of which the Fund administers on behalf of the State. Collectively, ERA1 and ERA2 are locally known as the Mountaineer Rental Assistance Program (MRAP). As of June 30, 2024, \$85,070,000 of the ERA2 funds have been disbursed for rental and utility assistance and \$3,580,000 has been disbursed for the production of multifamily rental units. In addition, \$36,389,000 of the HAF funds has been disbursed for mortgage and utility assistance. As of May 8, 2024, the Housing Development Fund ceased accepting applications for assistance under the HAF Program.

Accounting methods: The accounting policies of the Fund conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and to accounting principles for state housing finance agency enterprise funds. The various programs were established in accordance with the Act, the bond resolution, or at management’s discretion. The financial statements of the enterprise fund and the fiduciary fund are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, which requires recognition of revenue when earned and expenses when incurred.

Estimates: Certain estimates and assumptions are required by management in the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (US GAAP). The significant estimates and assumptions are those required in the determination of the allowance for losses for the following items: accounts receivable and other assets, mortgage loans, restricted mortgage loans, and restricted other assets. Actual results in the near-term could differ significantly from those estimates.

Cash and cash equivalents: The Fund considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. This includes cash, certificates of deposit, short-term agency notes, and deposits with the West Virginia Board of Treasury Investments (WVBOTI).

Accounts receivable and other assets, net of allowance for losses include accounts receivables, land for housing purposes and foreclosed properties, net of an allowance for estimated probable declines in net realizable value.

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2024			June 30, 2023		
	Balance	Allowance	Net	Balance	Allowance	Net
Accounts receivable and other Assets:						
Accounts receivable	\$ 1,509	\$ (5)	\$ 1,504	\$ 1,483	\$ (1)	\$ 1,482
Land	117	(58)	59	117	(58)	59
Foreclosed property	102	-	102	22	-	22
Total	<u>\$ 1,728</u>	<u>\$ (63)</u>	<u>\$ 1,665</u>	<u>\$ 1,622</u>	<u>\$ (59)</u>	<u>\$ 1,563</u>

Mortgage loans held for sale: In its Secondary Market Program, the Fund purchases and sells fixed-rate mortgage loans, primarily to Fannie Mae and Federal Home Loan Bank of Pittsburgh, on a servicing retained basis. The sale price is determined at the date of commitment and the commitment period generally ranges from 30 to 90 days. Mortgage loans held for sale are carried at the lower of aggregate cost or estimated fair value.

Enterprise fund Restricted cash and cash equivalents represents monies the Fund holds on behalf of others, restricted by the Act or by the bond resolution. Included in this line item are tax and insurance escrows held on behalf of the Fund's various mortgagors and payments collected on mortgages for which the Fund acts as servicer only. The Fund is obligated to expend these monies on escrowed items or remit them to the appropriate investors in the case of mortgage loans serviced for the benefit of others. Also included in Restricted cash and cash equivalents are federal and other housing program funds, including COVID relief funds, for which the Fund acts as grantee or agent. The total funds held on behalf of others were \$92,112,000 at June 30, 2024 and \$118,498,000 at June 30, 2023. Restricted cash and cash equivalents to be used for the acquisition of noncurrent assets, such as mortgage loans or investments, are classified as Noncurrent assets.

Fiduciary fund Restricted cash and cash equivalents represents monies held in an irrevocable trust for postemployment healthcare insurance benefits for Fund employees. These funds are not available to support the various programs of the enterprise fund.

Mortgage loans, net of allowances for losses: These loans consist primarily of unrestricted mortgage loans made under the General Account and Other Loan Programs. The Fund provides for possible losses on loans based on management's review of potential problem loans. The allowance for loan losses is shown below.

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2024			June 30, 2023		
	Balance	Allowance	Net	Balance	Allowance	Net
Unrestricted Mortgage Loans:						
General Account	\$ 8,796	\$ (1,953)	\$ 6,843	\$ 10,020	\$ (2,640)	\$ 7,380
Other Loan Programs	119,311	(9,143)	110,168	111,812	(9,665)	102,147
Total	<u>\$ 128,107</u>	<u>\$ (11,096)</u>	<u>\$ 117,011</u>	<u>\$ 121,832</u>	<u>\$ (12,305)</u>	<u>\$ 109,527</u>

Capital assets, net of depreciation include land, buildings, equipment, furnishings and computer software that are stated at their original cost less accumulated depreciation. Capital asset expenditures of \$20,000 or more with a useful life greater than 1 year are capitalized at cost and reported net of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the useful lives of the assets, which is 40 years for the building and from 3 to 10 years for furniture, equipment and software.

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2023	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2024
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,810	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,810
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,810	-	-	1,810
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	7,810	-	(72)	7,738
Equipment and furnishings	1,513	53	-	1,566
Computer software	814	-	(814)	-
Total capital assets, being depreciated	10,137	53	(886)	9,304
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(2,349)	(175)	-	(2,524)
Equipment and furnishings	(1,441)	-	19	(1,422)
Computer software	(807)	-	807	-
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,597)	(175)	826	(3,946)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	5,540	(122)	(60)	5,358
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 7,350</u>	<u>\$ (122)</u>	<u>\$ (60)</u>	<u>\$ 7,168</u>

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30,			June 30,
	2022	Additions	Deletions	2023
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,810	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,810
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,810	-	-	1,810
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	7,810	-	-	7,810
Equipment and furnishings	1,592	-	(79)	1,513
Computer software	814	-	-	814
Total capital assets, being depreciated	10,216	-	(79)	10,137
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(2,145)	(204)	-	(2,349)
Equipment and furnishings	(1,470)	(50)	79	(1,441)
Computer software	(792)	(15)	-	(807)
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,407)	(269)	79	(4,597)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	5,809	(269)	-	5,540
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 7,619</u>	<u>\$ (269)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 7,350</u>

Restricted investments: The Fund established guidelines for the investment of its funds to meet the requirements of the bond resolution and the Act. Currently, investments consist primarily of United States government and agency obligations with maturities greater than 90 days.

Investment securities are recorded at fair value, or at amortized cost as permissible, and a portion of the unrealized gains or losses is reported in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position as part of Net investment earnings as more fully explained in Note C – Cash and Investments.

Restricted mortgage loans, net of allowance for losses includes loans originated that are restricted by the bond resolution, the Act, State statute, federal programs or other restricted purposes.

The allowance for loan losses in these programs is shown below.

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2024			June 30, 2023		
	Balance	Allowance	Net	Balance	Allowance	Net
Restricted Mortgage Loans:						
General Account	\$ 250	\$ (250)	\$ -	\$ 362	\$ (362)	\$ -
Other Loan Programs	453	(172)	281	452	(172)	280
Land Development	1,911	(360)	1,551	4,453	(1,727)	2,726
Affordable Housing Fund	3,334	(2,686)	648	3,460	(2,670)	790
Bond Insurance Account	12,079	(255)	11,824	13,564	(290)	13,274
Bond Programs	901,253	(11,921)	889,332	674,043	(10,084)	663,959
Federal Programs	170,820	(99,941)	70,879	161,295	(97,075)	64,220
Total	<u>\$ 1,090,100</u>	<u>\$ (115,585)</u>	<u>\$ 974,515</u>	<u>\$ 857,629</u>	<u>\$ (112,380)</u>	<u>\$ 745,249</u>

Federal Programs include HOME, NHTF, and HOME ARP, which are designed to assist very low-income borrowers and to provide capacity building funds for nonprofit housing organizations. The funds provided to the nonprofits are required to be repaid only if the nonprofit fails to provide the services required as a condition of receiving HOME and NHTF funds. Federal Programs also include TCAP and TCEP, which were designed to assist in the development of Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program properties. These funds will only be repaid if the recipient fails to comply with certain covenants of their agreement. Therefore, HOME, NHTF, TCAP and TCEP projects are recorded as restricted mortgage loans and the TCAP, TCEP and nonprofit HOME and NHTF projects have a corresponding 100% loss allowance in the Statements of Net Position.

Most loans in the Bond Programs are protected against loss by various federal and private insurance programs. Repayment of certain multifamily rental project loans is dependent, in part, upon rental and interest subsidy programs of HUD and USDA.

Enterprise fund *Restricted other assets* include certain foreclosed properties, properties developed for flood activities, other land for restricted housing purposes, the Fund's net pension asset as explained in *Note F – Retirement Plan*, *Note H – Other Postemployment Healthcare Benefits*, and miscellaneous receivables, net of an allowance for estimated probable declines in the net realizable value. These assets are restricted subject to the provisions of the bond resolution, the Act, or federal regulations.

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2024			June 30, 2023		
	Balance	Allowance	Net	Balance	Allowance	Net
Restricted other assets:						
Accounts receivable	\$ 157	\$ -	\$ 157	\$ 213	\$ -	\$ 213
Land	548	(548)	-	548	(548)	-
Foreclosed property	1,482	(158)	1,324	3,155	(513)	2,642
Net Pension asset	18	-	18	-	-	-
Net OPEB asset	396	-	396	-	-	-
Total	<u>\$ 2,601</u>	<u>\$ (706)</u>	<u>\$ 1,895</u>	<u>\$ 3,916</u>	<u>\$ (1,061)</u>	<u>\$ 2,855</u>

Deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB represent a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time as explained in *Note F – Retirement Plan* and *Note H – Other Postemployment Healthcare Benefits*.

Accounts payable and other liabilities includes amounts held on behalf of others as explained in *Note A - Restricted cash and cash equivalents*, amounts due to vendors, and rebateable investment earnings.

Other liabilities include federal housing program funds for which the Fund acts as grantee or agent to originate mortgages under the HOME and NHTF programs and to disburse program funds under the ERA1, ERA2 and HAF programs, the Fund's net pension liability (asset) as explained in *Note F – Retirement Plan* and the Fund's net OPEB liability (asset) as explained in *Note H – Other Postemployment Healthcare Benefits*.

Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time as explained in *Note F – Retirement Plan* and *Note H – Other Postemployment Healthcare Benefits*.

Enterprise fund *Restricted net position*: Net position of the Bond Programs is restricted to meet specified reserve and funding provisions in accordance with the bond resolution. Net positions of the Affordable Housing Fund, Land Development Program and Bond Insurance Account are restricted in accordance with the Act. Federal Programs are restricted due to requirements of HUD or other grantor agencies. Net position restricted for pension and OPEB is restricted for the payment of pension and OPEB benefits. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is generally the Fund's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fiduciary fund *Restricted net position*: Net position of the fiduciary fund is restricted to postemployment healthcare insurance benefits for the Fund's employees.

Operating revenues and expenses: The Fund classifies operating revenues and expenses in the enterprise fund based on the services provided by the Fund and its ongoing operations. This includes such activities as mortgage lending, administration of federal financial awards programs, property management and development, and other related program activities. *Net investment earnings* and interest on debt are reported as *non-operating revenues and expenses*.

Pass-through grant revenue and pass-through grant expense: The Fund receives grants and other financial assistance from HOME, NHTF, HOME ARP, CDBG-DR, ERA1, ERA2, HAF and the HAPs Programs to transfer or spend on behalf of various secondary recipients. These amounts are considered pass-through grants and are reported in the financial statements as revenue and expense when funds are disbursed to the secondary recipient.

Fee revenue consists primarily of loan servicing fees on mortgage loans serviced by the Fund, administration fees earned from the HAPs Program, financing fees, low-income housing tax credit fees, secondary market fees, Affordable Housing Fund transfer fees and deferred document penalty fees.

The Fund services all loans in its portfolio as well as loans on behalf of others totaling approximately \$1,437,037,000 and \$1,213,463,000 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Of this total, the portfolio serviced by the Fund on behalf of others approximated \$218,730,000 and \$233,522,000 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Other revenues consist primarily of rental income, gains on sale of mortgages in the Secondary Market Program, gains on sales of foreclosed properties acquired through the Fund's mortgage lending activities, and other miscellaneous revenue items.

Loan fees expense includes fees paid to lenders and vendors related to the origination of mortgage loans. In addition, loan fees expense includes the cost of acquiring the servicing rights to mortgage loans owned by the Fund and loans owned by others, primarily Fannie Mae.

Program expenses primarily consist of disbursements made under the Fund's various programs, provisions for mortgage loan losses, losses on sales of foreclosed properties acquired through the Fund's mortgage lending activities, repair and maintenance costs for foreclosed properties and costs of bond issuance. Program expenses also include daily operating expenses of the office building owned by the Fund.

Administrative expenses, net include salary, benefits, and other operating expenses related to the daily operations of the Fund. When an expense is incurred, the expense is charged to the program or account for which it is directly applicable, whether restricted or unrestricted. Indirect expenses are allocated to programs and accounts based on a percentage of the program's or account's direct salary cost.

Contributions – Employer includes contributions from the enterprise fund to the fiduciary fund for healthcare insurance benefits for retired employees and their eligible dependents.

Net investment income represents interest earnings on postemployment healthcare cash and investments and the increase or decrease in the fair value of investments for the fiduciary fund.

Benefits include benefit payments from the fiduciary fund for postemployment healthcare costs for retired employees and their eligible dependents.

Administrative expenses in the fiduciary fund include trustee fees associated with investment management of the Welfare Benefit Plan and fees for actuarial valuations.

NOTE B – ASSETS FOR RESERVED AND OTHER PURPOSES

Assets and revenues of the Bond Programs are subject to the provisions of the bond resolution and are available for other purposes only to the extent they are not required to meet specified reserve and funding provisions of the resolution. The Fund, to the extent such monies become available under the terms of the resolution, has pledged to maintain the net position of its Bond Programs at a level to preserve the Fund's bond ratings. In the event that the Fund fails to comply with the terms of the bond resolution the holders of such obligations would have recourse to the unrestricted assets of the Fund. The Affordable Housing Fund, Land Development Program and the Bond Insurance Account are restricted by State statute.

Assets of the General Account and Other Loan Programs are principally unrestricted and may be transferred to other programs subject to the approval of the Board of Directors. As of June 30, 2024, the Fund has committed \$24,299,000 from Other Loan Programs for various loans or projects. These amounts are included in Unrestricted net position. The Fund is actively accepting applications from prospective recipients to originate loans from amounts allocated by the Board of Directors from Other Loan Programs.

The Board of Directors has also allocated \$1,000,000 of the Unrestricted net position for the "Directors' and Officers' Insurance Account" for the purpose of providing indemnification for the directors and officers of the Fund. The fiscal year 2025 administrative budget of \$16,223,000 will be provided from the Unrestricted net position and from future revenues of the Fund.

NOTE C – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Fund’s enterprise fund actively invests cash in conformity with the Act, the Bond Programs and the Board-approved Investment Policy. Permitted investments include a wide variety of securities and obligations such as certain corporate deposits, money market accounts, investment agreements or repurchase agreements with primary government dealers, direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the State, United States government securities, or federal agency securities. Currently, the enterprise fund’s investments consist primarily of United States government or agency securities, FDIC insured money markets and cash. The Investment Policy also permits the Fund to invest a maximum of \$60,000,000, excluding funds held for others. The WVBOTI operates in accordance with applicable State laws and regulations.

The following is a detail of the Fund’s enterprise fund investments, including cash equivalents, by type:

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2024			June 30, 2023	
	Weighted Avg Maturity	Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value	Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value
Reported at cost					
Demand Deposits, Money Market Funds	1 day	\$ 140,865	\$ 140,865	\$ 94,721	\$ 94,721
Mortgages held for investment purposes	20.3 years	12,692	12,692	14,275	14,275
WVBOTI deposits <i>(includes held for others)</i>	1 day	105,724	105,724	121,236	121,236
Total		<u>259,281</u>	<u>259,281</u>	<u>230,232</u>	<u>230,232</u>
Reported at estimated fair value					
Fannie Mae MBS pools	7.22 years	208	211	265	267
Federal agency securities	2.56 years	98,685	99,120	74,026	75,321
U.S. Treasury securities	14.64 years	10,360	10,262	9,442	9,231
Total		<u>109,253</u>	<u>109,593</u>	<u>83,733</u>	<u>84,819</u>
Total investments, including cash equivalents		<u>\$ 368,534</u>	<u>\$ 368,874</u>	<u>\$ 313,965</u>	<u>\$ 315,051</u>

The Fund’s fiduciary fund actively invests cash in conformity with the Act and the Board-approved Investment Policy. Permitted investments include a variety of securities and obligations such as money market accounts, certificates of deposit, direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the State, United States government securities, or federal agency securities. Currently, the fiduciary fund’s investments consist primarily of United States government or agency securities, FDIC insured money markets and negotiable certificates of deposit.

The following is a detail of the Fund’s fiduciary fund investments, including cash equivalents, by type:

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2024			June 30, 2023	
	Weighted Avg Maturity	Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value	Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value
Reported at cost					
Demand Deposits	1 day	\$ 841	\$ 841	\$ 904	\$ 904
Total		<u>841</u>	<u>841</u>	<u>904</u>	<u>904</u>
Reported at estimated fair value					
U.S. Treasury securities	0.91 years	4,490	4,475	2,990	2,944
Federal agency securities	0.6 years	750	730	1,250	1,192
Certificates of deposit	1.77 years	1,250	1,240	1,750	1,699
Total		<u>6,490</u>	<u>6,445</u>	<u>5,990</u>	<u>5,835</u>
Total investments, including cash equivalents		<u>\$ 7,331</u>	<u>\$ 7,286</u>	<u>\$ 6,894</u>	<u>\$ 6,739</u>

Interest Rate Risk - Enterprise fund. The Investment Policy limits the weighted average maturity of various fund types as shown in the following table. The Act does not provide for investment maturity limits. Reserve funds are the capital reserve investments required for the Bond Programs which are currently invested in long-term U.S. Government and government agency obligations. The Bond Insurance Account, which provides additional reserves for the payment of the Housing Finance Bonds is currently invested in U.S. Government and government agency obligations as well as mortgage loans for investment purposes. Other funds consist of bond revenues to be used for debt service on the outstanding bonds, bond proceeds for the purchase of mortgage revenue bond loans, Other Loan Program funds and general operating funds. Other funds are primarily invested short-term to meet program funding needs and to provide for daily operational costs of the Fund. Funds held for others consist of single family and multifamily escrow funds as well as amounts to be remitted to others. The Fund has both the intent and the ability to hold long-term securities until final maturity and is therefore limited in its exposure to interest rate risk on these long-term obligations.

	<u>Permitted Maturity Limit</u>	<u>Average Maturity as of June 30, 2024</u>
Reserve Funds	30 years	6 years
Bond Insurance Funds	15 years	7 years
Other Funds	4 years	1 month
Funds held for others*		1 day
*Funds held for others not applicable to limit calculations		

Interest Rate Risk – Fiduciary fund. The Investment Policy limits the weighted average maturity of all funds as shown in the following table. The Act does not provide for investment maturity limits. Fiduciary fund investments are managed at an appropriate average duration based on current interest rate environments.

	<u>Permitted Maturity Limit</u>	<u>Average Maturity as of June 30, 2024</u>
Fiduciary Funds	4 years	1 year

Credit Risk – Enterprise fund. Although permitted by the Act, the Fund’s Investment Policy prohibits investment in State and Local obligations other than West Virginia and prohibits investment in corporate debt instruments. The Fund’s Investment Policy additionally requires repurchase agreements to be invested with banks or primary dealers which are rated or provide the necessary collateral to maintain the Fund’s bond, note and issuer ratings. Furthermore, the Investment Policy limits collateral for repurchase agreements to direct federal and federally guaranteed obligations, and federal agency obligations.

As of June 30, 2024, the Fund’s investments in the WVBOTI are rated AAAM. Federal agency securities consist of Fannie Mae, Federal Farm Credit Bank and Federal Home Loan Bank all of which are rated AAA. Fannie Mae MBS pools are also rated AAA. Insured Cash Sweep (ICS) Funds and the Demand Deposit Marketplace Funds are FDIC insured. Money Market Funds are invested in the Fidelity Investments Money Market Government Portfolio and are rated AAA. Mortgages held for investment purposes are not rated.

Credit Risk – Fiduciary fund. The fiduciary fund’s Investment Policy limits investments to U.S. Treasury Securities that are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, Federal agency securities, which are rated AAA and FDIC insured certificates of deposit.

Concentration of Credit Risk – Enterprise fund. The Investment Policy limits the percentage or amount of the investment portfolio that may be invested in various types of issuers as indicated in the table below. The Act does not limit the percentage of investments in any permitted investment type.

As of June 30, 2024			
(Dollars in thousands)			
	Maximum of Portfolio	Invested Funds	% of Total Investment
Direct Federal Obligations	100%	\$ 10,360	4%
Federal Agency Obligations	90%	98,893	36%
Federally Guaranteed Obligations	100%	-	0%
Demand Deposits	30%	18,872	7%
Collateralized CDs	\$75,000	-	0%
CDARS FDIC Insured CDs	\$65,000	-	0%
West Virginia Obligations	15%	-	0%
ICS FDIC Insured Demand Deposits	\$75,000	-	0%
ICS FDIC Insured Savings Deposits	\$100,000	90,783	33%
Mortgages Held for Investment Purposes	30%	12,692	4%
Money Market Funds	25%	15,387	5%
WVBOTI deposits	\$60,000	29,435	11%
TOTAL		\$ 276,422	100%
Funds Held for Others *	N/A	92,112	
TOTAL INVESTED FUNDS		\$ 368,534	

* Funds held for others not applicable to limit calculations.

Concentration of Credit Risk – Fiduciary fund. The Investment Policy limits the percentage or amount of the investment portfolio that may be invested in various types of issuers as indicated in the table below. The Act does not limit the percentage of investments in any permitted investment type.

As of June 30, 2024			
(Dollars in thousands)			
	Maximum of Portfolio	Invested Funds	% of Total Investment
Demand Deposits	30%	\$ 841	12%
Direct Federal Obligations	90%	4,490	61%
Federal Agency Obligations	90%	750	10%
Federally Guaranteed Obligations	90%	-	0%
FDIC Insured CDs	50%	1,250	17%
TOTAL INVESTED FUNDS		\$ 7,331	100%

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits - The Act requires all deposits to be FDIC insured or fully collateralized by permitted investments for both enterprise funds and fiduciary funds. The enterprise fund Investment Policy further limits the securities permitted as collateral for amounts in excess of FDIC insurance to direct federal or federally guaranteed obligations, federal agency, or State of West Virginia obligations. The fiduciary fund Investment Policy further limits the securities permitted as collateral for amounts in excess of FDIC insurance to direct federal or federally guaranteed obligations or federal agency obligations.

The enterprise fund cash, including escrow funds, had a carrying value of \$140,865,000 and \$94,721,000 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Bank balances approximated \$143,155,000 and \$96,396,000 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, of which approximately \$112,755,000 and \$79,740,000 was covered by federal depository insurance as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and \$15,012,000 and \$13,450,000 was either collateralized with securities pledged to the Fund and held by the trust department of the pledging financial institution or held and pledged to the Fund by the pledging financial institution's agent as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Also included in the bank balances above are trust account money market fund balances of \$15,388,000 and \$3,206,000 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, which are not subject to custodial credit risk.

The fiduciary fund cash had a carrying value of \$841,000 and \$904,000 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Bank balances approximated \$844,000 and \$907,000 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, which are trust account money market funds and not subject to custodial credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments – Custodial Credit Risk – Investments – The Investment Policy requires purchased securities to be physically delivered to the Fund’s custodian or trustee or, in the case of book-entry securities; registration books shall designate the custodian or trustee. The Investment Policy also requires collateral for repurchase agreements be delivered to a third-party custodian or in the case of book-entry securities, be registered to the Fund. All U.S. government and agency obligations owned by the Fund are registered in the Fund’s name or the Fund’s designated trustee. The Act does not address custodial credit risk for investments.

Fair value hierarchy: The fair value hierarchy established under GAAP categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets inputs (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3).

The levels of the hierarchy are identified as follows:

Level 1 – Valuation is based upon quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in an active market.

Level 2 – Valuation is based upon inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 – Valuation is based upon unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

Enterprise fund investments measured at fair value using the fair value hierarchy categories are as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30,	
	2024	2023
<u>Level 1 inputs</u>		
Federal agency securities	\$ 99,120	\$ 75,321
U.S. Treasury securities	10,262	9,231
Total	109,382	84,552
<u>Level 2 inputs</u>		
Fannie Mae MBS pools	211	267
Total	211	267
Total investments, reported at estimated fair value	<u>\$ 109,593</u>	<u>\$ 84,819</u>

Fiduciary fund investments measured at fair value using the fair value hierarchy categories are as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30,	
	2024	2023
<u>Level 1 inputs</u>		
U.S. Treasury securities	\$ 4,475	\$ 2,944
Federal agency securities	730	1,192
Certificates of deposit	1,240	1,699
Total investments, reported at estimated fair value	<u>\$ 6,445</u>	<u>\$ 5,835</u>

Fair value measurements for investments classified as Level 2, Fannie Mae MBS pools, are valued using matrix pricing sources that provide a pricing indication from market transactions for similar or identical assets.

Mortgages held for investment are included in *Mortgage loans, net of allowances* and *Restricted mortgage loans, net of allowances* on the Statements of Net Position. Investments are included in the accompanying enterprise fund financial statements as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30,	
	2024	2023
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,141	\$ 14,872
Current restricted cash and cash equivalents	164,280	146,455
Noncurrent restricted cash and cash equivalents	112,097	76,104
Restricted investments	60,664	63,345
Plus mortgages held for investment purposes	12,692	14,275
Total Investments and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 368,874</u>	<u>\$ 315,051</u>
Less unrealized gains	340	1,086
Total Invested Funds	<u>\$ 368,534</u>	<u>\$ 313,965</u>

Investments are included in the accompanying fiduciary fund financial statements as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30,	
	2024	2023
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 841	\$ 904
Restricted investments	6,445	5,835
Total Investments and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 7,286</u>	<u>\$ 6,739</u>
Plus unrealized loss	(45)	(155)
Total Invested Funds	<u>\$ 7,331</u>	<u>\$ 6,894</u>

The enterprise fund has an unrealized gain on investments of \$340,000 and \$1,086,000 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. This represents a decrease in unrealized gain on investments of \$746,000 and \$1,793,000 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. In connection with the unrealized gain, a liability for related investment earnings is recorded in the amount of \$12,000 and \$4,000 as of June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively. This portion is recorded as a liability because, if this gain were realized, it would increase excess rebateable investment earnings pursuant to Section 103A of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended (the Code). To adjust the fair value of investments to reflect this unrealized gain at June 30, 2024 and 2023 and to properly reflect the rebate liability, a \$753,000 and \$1,725,000 decrease was recorded in *Net investment earnings* in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The fiduciary fund has an unrealized loss on investments of \$45,000 and \$155,000 as of June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively. This represents an increase in unrealized loss on investments of \$110,000 and an increase of \$55,000 from June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. To adjust the fair value of investments to reflect this unrealized loss at June 30, 2024 and 2023 a \$165,000 increase and a \$55,000 decrease was recorded in *Net investment income* in the Statements Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

NOTE D – BONDS PAYABLE

The Act authorizes the Fund to issue bonds and notes for its various programs in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$1,250,000,000 outstanding at any one time, exclusive of refunded obligations. Bonds and notes issued by the Fund are considered obligations of the Fund and are not deemed to constitute a debt or liability of the State.

The proceeds from the Fund's Bond Programs are used to finance mortgage loans to eligible State borrowers and to establish certain reserves as required by the resolution. The mortgage loans are secured by deeds of trust and approximately 81.58% of all Bond Program loans are subject to coverage under federal or private mortgage insurance or guarantee programs. All bonds are secured by a pledge of all mortgage loan repayments, all proceeds of federal or private mortgage insurance, interest received on any monies or securities held pursuant to the resolution, and the rights and interest of the Fund in and to the mortgage loans. In the event that the Fund fails to comply with the terms of the bond resolution, the holders of such obligations would have recourse to the unrestricted assets of the Fund. Principal and interest paid on bonds and notes payable for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$65,842,000 and \$40,512,000, respectively. Total pledged revenues in 2024 and 2023 were \$89,774,000 and \$81,346,000 respectively.

The On-Site Systems Loan Program (the OSLP) was created in September 2007 in partnership with the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection (the DEP). Under this program the Fund may borrow funds from the DEP Clean Water Revolving Loan Fund. These funds are then loaned to State residents to upgrade, replace or repair inadequate septic systems. Since the inception of the program, the Board has authorized the Fund to borrow \$3,000,000 from DEP for this program. The Fund is obligated to repay the amount borrowed from the DEP only to the extent the Fund receives payments from loan recipients. An allowance for loan losses has been established based on management's review of potential problem loans. At June 30, 2024, *Bonds & notes payable - noncurrent* includes a \$690,000 note payable, net of a \$132,000 loss allowance, due to DEP related to this program under Other Loan Programs.

Most bonds issued by the Fund are subject to redemption at the option of the Fund prior to maturity at dates and premiums as set forth in the bond documents. To reduce its debt expense, the Fund redeems bonds prior to their stated maturity dates primarily due to excess program revenues, the prepayments of mortgage loans pledged for the repayment of the bonds, excess amounts in the capital reserve funds, and/or from proceeds of refunding bonds. During the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Fund redeemed or refunded \$9,525,000 and \$12,370,000 of bonds, respectively, at redemption prices that approximated their carrying value.

The following tables summarize bond and note activity from 2023 to 2024 and 2022 to 2023, respectively.

(Dollars in thousands)			
	Bonds Payable	Bonds & Notes	Bonds & Notes
	Current	Payable	Payable
		Noncurrent	Total
Outstanding Balance, June 30, 2023	\$ 21,915	\$ 368,057	\$ 389,972
Debt Issued (<i>including discount</i>)	-	325,250	325,250
Debt Paid	(21,915)	(94)	(22,009)
Early Redemptions	-	(9,525)	(9,525)
Note Payable allowance for losses	-	-	-
Reclassification from noncurrent to current	29,520	(29,520)	-
Outstanding Balance, June 30, 2024	<u>\$ 29,520</u>	<u>\$ 654,168</u>	<u>\$ 683,688</u>

(Dollars in thousands)			
	Bonds Payable	Bonds & Notes	Bonds & Notes
	Current	Payable	Payable
		Noncurrent	Total
Outstanding Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 18,885	\$ 267,521	\$ 286,406
Debt Issued (<i>including discount</i>)	-	134,953	134,953
Debt Paid	(18,885)	(115)	(19,000)
Early Redemptions	-	(12,370)	(12,370)
Note Payable allowance for losses	-	(17)	(17)
Reclassification from noncurrent to current	21,915	(21,915)	-
Outstanding Balance, June 30, 2023	<u>\$ 21,915</u>	<u>\$ 368,057</u>	<u>\$ 389,972</u>

The following is a summary of the bonds outstanding in the Housing Finance Bond and notes outstanding in Other Loan Programs:

	Original Amount Authorized	Outstanding at June 30,	
		2024	2023
(Dollars in thousands)			
<u>HOUSING FINANCE BOND PROGRAM</u>			
2013 Series A (3.20%) due 2025-2029	\$ 21,000	\$ 6,955	\$ 8,365
2015 Series A,B (2.95% to 3.70%), due 2025-2032	50,660	14,005	16,470
2015 Series C,D (3.2% to 3.85%), due 2025-2033	70,060	24,980	29,145
2017 Series A,B (2.75% to 4.00%), due 2025-2034	39,505	15,925	18,925
2018 Series A (2.65% to 3.85%), due 2025-2040	25,000	13,415	14,710
2019 Series A (2.15% to 3.875%), due 2025-2044	35,000	23,080	24,865
2019 Series B (1.65% to 3.05%), due 2025-2044	30,000	20,595	23,190
2020 Series A (0.90% to 2.80%), due 2025-2048	30,000	23,440	25,595
2020 Series B,C (0.50% to 2.40%), due 2025-2042	44,960	31,425	35,630
2021 Series A (.45% to 2.50%), due 2025-2052	30,000	26,615	28,115
2022 Series A (2.5% to 4.15%), due 2025-2052	30,000	28,265	29,625
2022 Series B (2% to 4.25%), due 2025-2051	40,000	37,260	40,000
2022 Series C (2.8% to 4.85%), due 2025-2053	45,000	43,500	45,000
2023 Series A (3.00% to 4.85%), due 2025-2054	50,000	49,010	50,000
2023 Series B (3.20% to 4.70%), due 2025-2054	50,000	49,835	-
2023 Series C (3.45% to 5.00%), due 2025-2054	60,000	59,890	-
2023 Series D (3.4% to 4.9%), due 2025-2054	60,000	60,000	-
2024 Series A (3.10% to 4.65%), due 2025-2055	75,000	75,000	-
2024 Series B,C (3.45% to 6.12%), due 2025-2055	80,000	80,000	-
Total bonds payable, excluding unamortized discount		<u>683,195</u>	<u>389,635</u>
Unamortized bond discount, net		(65)	(66)
<u>OTHER LOAN PROGRAMS</u>			
Notes Payable (0.00%), net of allowance for losses ⁽¹⁾	3,000	<u>558</u>	<u>403</u>
Total bonds & notes payable		<u>\$ 683,688</u>	<u>\$ 389,972</u>
⁽¹⁾ Payments are due to the DEP as the Fund receives payments from OSLP loan recipients.			

Total bonds payable does not include \$32,200,000 in special obligation bonds issued by the Fund as a conduit issuer. These special obligation bonds are secured by loan payments and deeds of trust on three projects. None of the Fund's assets or revenues are pledged to the payment of these special obligations. Furthermore, these special obligations are not secured by the Fund's general obligation debt pledge or its moral obligation and are not included in the Fund's financial statements. The Housing Development Fund is authorized under the Act to issue bonds or notes up to a limit of \$1,250,000 outstanding at any one time, exclusive of refunded obligations, for the purpose of carrying out its various programs. This amount is inclusive of bonds issued under the General Resolution and the special obligation bonds.

The following is a summary of scheduled annual principal and interest for bonds in the Bond Programs for the five years commencing July 1, 2024, and thereafter to maturity.

Bonds Maturing During			
Year Ending June 30:	Principal	Interest	Total
		(Dollars in thousands)	
2025	\$ 29,520	\$ 25,042	\$ 54,562
2026	36,255	24,724	60,979
2027	38,810	23,668	62,478
2028	38,255	22,489	60,744
2029	34,565	21,314	55,879
2030-2034	157,510	89,703	247,213
2035-2039	116,725	64,624	181,349
2040-2044	96,370	42,735	139,105
2045-2049	76,944	23,652	100,596
2050-2054	56,706	7,036	63,742
2055	1,535	40	1,575
	<u>\$ 683,195</u>	<u>\$ 345,027</u>	<u>\$1,028,222</u>

In accordance with Section 103A of the Code, the Fund has established allowances for excess rebateable investment earnings. The excess rebateable investment earnings arise due to actual investment yields earned by the Fund being greater than yields permitted to be retained by the Fund under the Code. The Code requires such excess investment earnings to be remitted to the Internal Revenue Service. The Housing Finance Bond Program established liabilities of \$12,000 and \$4,000 at June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively, for the excess of the fair value of investments over amortized costs as explained in *Note C - Cash and Investments*. Future excess investment earnings may require the establishment of liabilities for these and other bond issues.

On January 30, 2020, the Fund entered into a revolving Commercial Loan Agreement (the “Line of Credit”) with United Bank, in an amount not to exceed \$20,000,000, payable monthly. On January 31, 2024, the Line of Credit was renewed with a maturity date of January 30, 2026, currently bearing an interest rate of 5.52% per annum. The purpose of the Line of Credit is to provide warehouse funding for loans under the Multifamily Loan Program. During fiscal year 2024, the Fund had drawn a total of \$18,000,000, all of which was repaid during the fiscal year.

NOTE E – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Under the terms of certain federal programs, periodic audits are required and certain costs and expenditures may be questioned under the terms of the program. Such audits could lead to reimbursements to the grantor agencies. Historically, questioned costs have been immaterial. Management of the Fund believes future disallowances relating to current federal program expenditures, if any, will continue to be immaterial.

The Fund is a defendant in various legal proceedings arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, based upon the advice of legal counsel, the ultimate resolution of these proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on the Fund’s financial position.

Through its business operations, the Fund is exposed to various risks of loss related to potential loan losses on program mortgages, fire, liability, and employee wrongdoing. To reduce the risk of loss on program mortgages, the Fund has various types of mortgage insurance. At June 30, 2024, 51.51% of the Fund’s single family Bond Program loans were VA, USDA Rural Development, or FHA guaranteed. Another 30.07% of these loans carry private mortgage insurance. Substantially all permanent multifamily mortgages are federally insured or guaranteed and/or are subject to HUD Section 8 rental assistance subsidies.

The Fund is insured against fire for owned assets, liability, and employee negligence through private insurance. Furthermore, key staff members of the Fund are bonded against theft in the aggregate amount of \$4,000,000. The Board of Directors has allocated \$1,000,000 of the Fund's unrestricted net position to provide indemnification for the directors and officers of the Fund. Additionally, the Fund has general liability insurance with the State Board of Risk and Insurance Management in the amount of \$1,000,000 per occurrence and excess liability coverage of \$10,000,000 aggregate with General Star Insurance Company for officers' and directors' indemnity. The Fund pays an annual premium in exchange for such coverage. The Fund has \$5,000,000 in cyber insurance through Houston Casualty Company. There have been no significant settlements in excess of insurance coverage during the past three calendar years.

NOTE F – RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description. All full-time Fund employees participate in the State's Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), a multiple-employer defined benefit cost-sharing public employee retirement system administered by the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board (CPRB). Benefits under PERS include deferred retirement, early retirement, death, and disability benefits and have been established and may be amended by action of the State Legislature. The CPRB issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements for PERS that may be obtained at www.wvretirement.com.

Benefits Provided. Employees hired before July 1, 2015 are eligible for normal retirement at age 60 with five or more years of credited service, or at least age 55 with age and service equal to 80 or greater. Employees hired on or after July 1, 2015 may retire at age 62 with ten years of service. The straight-life annuity retirement benefit, established by State statute, is equivalent to two percent of the employee's final average salary multiplied by years of service. Final average salary is the average of the three consecutive highest annual earnings out of the last fifteen years of earnings. For all employees hired on or after July 1, 2015, average salary is the average of the five consecutive highest annual earnings out of the last fifteen years of earnings. Terminated members with at least five years of contributory service who do not withdraw their accumulated contributions may elect to receive their retirement annuity beginning at age 62. For all employees hired on or after July 1, 2015, this age increases to 64 with ten years of service.

Contributions. Contributions as a percentage of payroll for members are established by statutes, subject to legislative limitations and are not actuarially determined. Contributions as a percentage of payroll for employees are established by the CPRB. Current funding policy requires employer contributions of 9.0% for 2024 and 2023 and 10.0% for each of the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021. As permitted by legislation, the Fund has elected to pay 100% of all costs relating to the Plan, including the employee's 4.5% contribution of annual earnings for employees hired on or before February 6, 2012. Beginning February 7, 2012, new hires are required to pay the employee's contribution of 4.5%. For all employees hired on or after July 1, 2015 the employee contribution is 6.0%. The Fund's contribution to the Plan, excluding the employee's contribution paid by the Fund, approximated \$619,000, \$640,000, and \$721,000 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022, respectively.

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. The Fund reported a liability (asset) of (\$18,000) and \$663,000 as of June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively, for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). The net pension liability (asset) reported at June 30, 2024 was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022, rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The Fund's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) was based on the Fund's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers participating in PERS for the year ended June 30, 2023. At June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, the Fund's proportionate share was .40% and .45%, respectively.

For the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively, the Fund recognized pension expense of \$663,000 and \$352,000. At June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, the Fund reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2024	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ 110	\$ -
Difference between expected and actual experience	153	-
Changes in assumptions	117	-
Changes in proportion and differences between Fund contributions and proportionate share of contributions	43	2
Fund contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	619	-
	<u>\$ 1,042</u>	<u>\$ 2</u>

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2023	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ 400	\$ -
Difference between expected and actual experience	254	-
Changes in assumptions	436	-
Changes in proportion and differences between Fund contributions and proportionate share of contributions	43	9
Fund contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	640	-
	<u>\$ 1,773</u>	<u>\$ 9</u>

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$619,000 resulting from Fund contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (or increase in the net pension asset) in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	
Year Ended June 30:	Pension Expense
2025	17
2026	(405)
2027	883
2028	(74)

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods. The following assumptions and methods were used in the actuarial valuation:

	2023	2022
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age normal cost with level percentage of payroll	Individual entry age normal cost with level percentage of payroll
Asset valuation method	Fair value	Fair value
Amortization method	Level dollar, fixed period	Level dollar, fixed period
Amortization period	Through Fiscal Year 2035	Through Fiscal Year 2035
Actuarial assumptions:		
Investment rate of return	7.25%	7.25%
Projected salary increases:		
State	2.75% - 5.55%	2.75% - 5.55%
Non-state	3.60% - 6.75%	3.60% - 6.75%
Inflation rate	2.75%	2.75%
Discount rate	7.25%	7.25%
Mortality rates	Active - 100% of Pub-2010 General Employees table, below-median, headcount weighted, projected generationally with scale MP-2018 Retired healthy males - 108% of Pub-2010 General Retiree Male table, below-median, headcount weighted, projected generationally with scale MP-2018 Retired healthy females - 122% of Pub-2010 General Retiree Female table, below median headcount weighted, projected generationally with scale MP-2018 Disabled males - 118% of Pub-2010 General / Teachers Disabled Male table, headcount weighted, projected generationally with scale MP-2018 Disabled females - 117% of Pub-2010 General / Teachers Disabled Female table headcount weighted, projected generationally with scale MP-2018	Active - 100% of Pub-2010 General Employees table, below-median, headcount weighted, projected generationally with scale MP-2018 Retiree healthy males - 108% of Pub-2010 General Retiree Male table, below-median, headcount weighted, projected generationally with scale MP-2018 Retired healthy females - 122% of Pub-2010 General Retiree Female table, below median headcount weighted, projected generationally with scale MP-2018 Disabled males - 118% of Pub-2010 General / Teachers Disabled Male table, headcount weighted, projected generationally with scale MP-2018 Disabled females - 117% of Pub-2010 General / Teachers Disabled Female table headcount weighted, projected generationally with scale MP-2018
Withdrawal rates		
State	2.28% - 45.63%	2.28% - 45.63%
Non-state	2.50% - 35.88%	2.50% - 35.88%
Disability rates	0.005% - 0.540%	0.005% - 0.540%
Retirement rates	12% - 100%	12% - 100%
Date range in most recent experience study	2013-2018	2013-2018

The long-term rates of return on pension plan investments were determined using the building-block method in which estimates of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of long-term geometric rates of return are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>	<u>Weighted Average Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Domestic Equity	27.5%	6.5%	1.79%
International Equity	27.5%	9.1%	2.50%
Fixed Income	15.0%	4.3%	0.65%
Real estate	10.0%	5.8%	0.58%
Private equity	10.0%	9.2%	0.92%
Hedge funds	10.0%	4.6%	0.46%
Total	<u>100%</u>		6.90%
Inflation (CPI)			<u>2.50%</u>
			<u>9.40%</u>

Discount Rate. The discount rates used to measure the total pension liabilities were 7.25% for the 2023 and 2022 actuarial valuations. At June 30, 2023 and 2022, the projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will continue to follow the current funding policies. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Fund's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the Fund's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.25% and 7.25% for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively, as well as what the Fund's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower or one-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

(Dollars in thousands)					
Net Pension Liability (Asset)					
June 30,					
2024			2023		
Current			Current		
1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
<u>6.25%</u>	<u>7.25%</u>	<u>8.25%</u>	<u>6.25%</u>	<u>7.25%</u>	<u>8.25%</u>
\$ 3,739	\$ (18)	\$ (3,188)	\$ 4,691	\$ 663	\$ (2,784)

NOTE G – COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Employees accumulate annual leave balances to a maximum of 210 hours. Most employees receive a 100% termination payment upon separation based upon their final rate of pay. The liability for annual leave is valued at 100% of the balance plus the Fund’s share of Social Security and Medicare contributions. The Fund has recorded a liability for accrued leave for all employees in accordance with GAAP. The liability for annual leave is shown below. In lieu of cash payment at retirement, an employee who became a member of PERS before July 1, 2015 may elect to use accumulated annual leave toward additional service in the computation of retirement benefits or toward their postemployment health care insurance premium as further explained in *Note H – Other Postemployment Healthcare Benefits*. If an employee became a member on or after July 1, 2015, they may not use accumulated annual leave to acquire additional credited service but they may still elect to use accumulated annual leave toward their postemployment health care insurance premium explained in *Note H – Other Postemployment Healthcare Benefits*.

(Dollars in thousands)			
	Accumulated Annual Leave		
	2024	2023	2022
Balance at beginning of fiscal year	\$ 611	\$ 631	\$ 659
Annual leave earned	527	571	575
Annual leave (used)	(555)	(591)	(603)
Balance at end of fiscal year	<u>\$ 583</u>	<u>\$ 611</u>	<u>\$ 631</u>
Estimated to be paid in one year	<u>\$ 583</u>	<u>\$ 611</u>	<u>\$ 631</u>

NOTE H – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

Plan Description

Plan administration. The Welfare Benefit Plan (the Plan), an irrevocable trust, is a single-employer defined other postemployment benefit plan administered by the Fund and the Fund’s Board of Directors that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for employees of the Fund. Substantially all employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Fund. The assets of the Plan are deposited with an external trustee and are presented in the stand-alone fiduciary fund financial statements.

Benefits Provided

The Fund provides certain healthcare insurance benefits for retired employees and their eligible dependents. Benefits are fully self-insured by the Fund and are administered through a third-party administrator. The full cost of benefits is covered by the plan. Management of the Fund has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the Plan. An employee may receive a cash payout for their annual leave but not for sick leave. In lieu of cash payment at retirement, an employee may elect to use accumulated annual and accumulated sick leave toward their postemployment health care insurance premium. A retiree may convert two unused leave days into one month’s insurance premium for single coverage or three unused leave days into one month’s premium for family coverage. The Fund will pay monthly health insurance premiums of these retirees based on unused sick leave and/or annual leave at the time of retirement until the unused leave is fully utilized or until the retiree reaches the eligible age for Medicare. Accordingly, the maximum period for which a retiree may be entitled to such benefits would be twelve years.

Employees covered by benefit terms. At June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Covered Employees	June 30,	
	2024	2023
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	12	8
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-	-
Active plan members	99	97
Total	111	105

Contributions

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Fund are established and may be amended by the Fund's management. Management establishes contribution rates based on an actuarially determined rate. Plan members are not required to contribute to the plan. The Fund's contribution to the Plan approximated \$401,000, and \$450,000 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Investments

Investment policy. The Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Fund's Board of Directors. Investments are to be diversified as to minimize the risk of large losses as follows:

<u>Permitted Investments</u>	<u>Maximum % of Portfolio</u>
Cash:	
Demand Deposits	30%
Fixed Income:	
Direct Federal Obligations	90%
Federal Agency Obligations	90%
Federally Guaranteed Obligations	90%
FDIC Insured CDs	50%

Rate of Return. For the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 5.25% and 1.27%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the components of the net OPEB (asset) liability of the Fund were as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30,	
	2024	2023
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 7,052	\$ 7,286
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	7,324	6,770
Net OPEB (Asset) Liability	<u>\$ (272)</u>	<u>\$ 516</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total OPEB (Asset) Liability	103.90%	92.90%

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2024 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 2024 rolled forward to June 30, 2024. The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 2022 and rolled forward to June 30, 2023. The following actuarial assumptions and methods were used:

Valuation Date	1/1/2024 Rolled forward to 6/30/2024	1/1/2022 Rolled forward to 6/30/2023
Actuarial Method	Entry Age	Entry Age
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Pay, Closed	Level Percentage of Pay, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period	13 years as of 1/1/2024	15 years as of 1/1/2022
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value of Assets	Fair Value of Assets
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Investment Rate of Return	3.00%	3.00%
Salary Increases	3.00%	3.00%
Ultimate Rate of Medical Inflation	3.00%	2.72%
General Rate of Inflation	2.20%	2.00%

Mortality rates for the January 1, 2024 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2024 and January 1, 2022 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2023 were based on Pub-2010 General Employees table, below-median, headcount-weighted, projected generationally with scale MP-2018.

An actuarial experience study was not completed. Actuarial assumptions for disability, termination, retirement, and dependent age were based on the PERS actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020 for the January 2022 Plan valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2023. Actuarial assumptions for disability, termination, retirement, and dependent age were based on the PERS actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022 for the January 2024 Plan valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2024.

The long-term expected rate of return on the Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of Plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	10.0%	3.00%
U.S. Government Obligations	90.0%	3.50%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate. The discount rate as of June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023 is 3.00%, which is the assumed long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments. This is the same discount rate that was used in the January 1, 2024 liability calculations. Projections of the Plan’s fiduciary net position have indicated that it is expected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments for current plan members. As such, the single rate of return is equal to the long-term expected rate of return on the Plan assets, which is 3.00%.

Development of discount rate.

As of June 30, 2024, the Plan uses the Bond Buyer GO 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index. As this index is issued weekly, the value closest to but not after the reporting date is used in determining the appropriate rate. Based on this practice, the municipal bond rate at June 29, 2023 was 3.65% and the municipal bond rate at June 27, 2024 was 3.93%. However, the depletion test as of the most recent actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2024, reflecting known contributions after that date as well as the current funding policy, showed that the projected assets are expected to cover future benefit payments for current participants and as such the single rate used as the discount rate is the long-term expected rate of return, 3.00%. The actuarial liability, normal cost, and expected benefit payments were projected for the remaining lifetimes of the closed group population as of January 1, 2024, using the assumptions detailed in the 2024 actuarial valuation report. An Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) was calculated each year based on the current closed amortization period. The assets were then projected forward reflecting known contributions through June 30, 2024, and then assuming that the ADC is contributed in the future. Since the assets are projected to always be greater than the expected benefit payments in any year, the long-term expected rate of return of 3.00% is used to calculate the liabilities.

As of June 30, 2023, the Plan uses the Bond Buyer GO 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index. As this index is issued weekly, the value closest to but not after the reporting date is used in determining the appropriate rate. Based on this practice, the municipal bond rate at June 30, 2022 was 3.54% and the municipal bond rate at June 29, 2023 was 3.65%. However, the depletion test as of the most recent actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022, reflecting known contributions after that date as well as the current funding policy, showed that the projected assets are expected to cover future benefit payments for current participants and as such the single rate used as the discount rate is the long-term expected rate of return, 3.00%. The actuarial liability, normal cost, and expected benefit payments were projected for the remaining lifetimes of the closed group population as of January 1, 2022, using the assumptions detailed in the 2022 actuarial valuation report. An Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) was calculated each year based on the current closed amortization period. The assets were then projected forward reflecting known contributions through June 30, 2023, and then assuming that the ADC is contributed in the future. Since the assets are projected to always be greater than the expected benefit payments in any year, the long-term expected rate of return of 3.00% is used to calculate the liabilities.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

At June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively, the Fund reported a Net OPEB (Asset) Liability of (\$272,434) and \$515,512. Total OPEB Liability (TOL) at the end of the measurement year, June 30, 2024, is measured as of a valuation date of January 1, 2024, and is projected to June 30, 2024, and June 30, 2023, is measured as of a valuation date of January 1, 2022 and is projected to June 30, 2023. Valuations will be completed every other year.

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total OPEB Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net OPEB Liability (Asset)
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
(Dollars in thousands)			
Balances at 6/30/2023	\$ 7,286	\$ 6,770	516
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	283	-	283
Interest	225	-	225
Changes of benefits	(311)	-	(311)
Differences between expected and actual experience	(477)	-	(477)
Changes of assumptions	204	-	204
Contributions - employer	-	402	(402)
Net investment income	-	348	(348)
Benefit payments	(158)	(158)	-
Administrative expense	-	(38)	38
Net changes	<u>(234)</u>	<u>554</u>	<u>(788)</u>
Balances at 6/30/2024	<u>\$ 7,052</u>	<u>\$ 7,324</u>	<u>\$ (272)</u>

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total OPEB Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net OPEB Liability (Asset)
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
(Dollars in thousands)			
Balances at 6/30/2022	\$ 7,276	\$ 6,427	849
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	245	-	245
Interest	215	-	215
Changes of benefits	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	-	-
Changes of assumptions	-	-	-
Contributions - employer	-	450	(450)
Net investment income	-	86	(86)
Benefit payments	(450)	(169)	(281)
Administrative expense	-	(24)	24
Net changes	<u>10</u>	<u>343</u>	<u>(333)</u>
Balances at 6/30/2023	<u>\$ 7,286</u>	<u>\$ 6,770</u>	<u>\$ 516</u>

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset) of the Fund, as well as what the Fund's net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (2.0%) or one-percentage-point higher (4.0%) than the current discount rate:

(Dollars in thousands)	Net OPEB Liability (Asset)					
	June 30,					
	2024			2023		
	1% Decrease 2.00%	Current Discount Rate 3.00%	1% Increase 4.00%	1% Decrease 2.00%	Current Discount Rate 3.00%	1% Increase 4.00%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 7,503	\$ 7,052	\$ 6,636	\$ 7,785	\$ 7,286	\$ 6,835
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	7,324	7,324	7,324	6,770	6,770	6,770
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	<u>\$ 179</u>	<u>\$ (272)</u>	<u>\$ (688)</u>	<u>\$ 1,015</u>	<u>\$ 516</u>	<u>\$ 65</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	97.60%	103.90%	110.40%	87.00%	92.90%	99.10%

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability (asset) to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset) of the Fund, as well as what the Fund's net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one-percentage-point lower or one-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

(Dollars in thousands)	Net OPEB Liability (Asset)					
	June 30,					
	2024			2023		
	Trend Minus 1%	Current Baseline Trends	Trend Plus 1%	Trend Minus 1%	Current Baseline Trends	Trend Plus 1%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 6,605	\$ 7,052	\$ 7,556	\$ 6,674	\$ 7,286	\$ 7,982
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	7,324	7,324	7,324	6,770	6,770	6,770
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	<u>\$ (719)</u>	<u>\$ (272)</u>	<u>\$ 232</u>	<u>\$ (96)</u>	<u>\$ 516</u>	<u>\$ 1,212</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	110.90%	103.90%	96.90%	101.40%	92.90%	84.80%

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively, the Fund recognized OPEB expense of \$335,188 and \$570,549. At June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, the Fund reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30,			
	2024		2023	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 405	\$ -	\$ 82
Changes in assumptions	810	-	1,032	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	-	82	95	-
Total	<u>\$ 810</u>	<u>\$ 487</u>	<u>\$ 1,127</u>	<u>\$ 82</u>

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	
<u>Year Ended</u> <u>June 30:</u>	<u>OPEB</u> <u>Expense</u>
2025	292
2026	192
2027	(133)
2028	(28)

NOTE I – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 5, 2024, the Fund received \$8,000,000 from the State to administer the Veteran’s Mortgage Program that was passed during the 2024 West Virginia Legislature session under Senate Bill 261.

NOTE J - NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The Fund implemented GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62*, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023. This Statement defines accounting changes as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, and changes to or within the financial reporting entity and describes the transactions or other events that constitute those changes. Those changes include things like: certain changes in accounting principles, certain changes in estimates that result from a justified or preferable change in measurement or new methodology. This statement requires that changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior periods; changes to or within the reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period; and changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. If the change in accounting principle is the result of a new pronouncement the requirements only apply absent specific transition guidance in the pronouncement. Under this standard it is also necessary to display the total adjustment to beginning net position, fund balance, or fund net position on the face of the financial statements, by reporting unit. This statement also specifies both qualitative and quantitative disclosure requirements. Lastly, this statement provides guidance for if and how these changes should be reflected in required supplementary information and supplementary information. The adoption of this Statement did not have a significant impact on the Fund’s financial statements.

GASB has issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023. This statement modifies the criteria requiring a liability for compensated absences to be recognized. Under this statement a liability must be recognized for leave that has not been used, or leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. Furthermore, the liability for leave that has not been used is recognized if the leave is attributed to services already rendered, that accumulates, and the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. If the leave is considered more likely than not to be settled through conversion to a defined benefit post-employment benefit it should not be included in the liability for compensated absences. This statement also specifies certain types of benefits where the liability is not recognized until leave commences or where the liability is not recognized until the leave is used. The statement also provides guidance for measuring the liability and modifies the disclosure requirements allowing for disclosure of only the net change in the liability, and no longer requiring disclosure of which governmental funds have been used to liquidate the liabilities. The Fund has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 101 may have on its financial statements.

GASB has also issued Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024. The objective of this statement is to provide financial statement users with information about risks due to concentrations or constraints common in a governmental environment. The standard requires an assessment of whether any concentrations or constraints increase the government's vulnerability to significant impacts, and whether events associated with concentrations and/or constraints have occurred or are more likely than not to occur within one year of issuance of the financial statements. Further, additional detailed disclosures may be required in certain situations. The Fund has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 102 may have on its financial statements.

GASB has also issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025. The focus of the improvements are to the presentation of (1) management's discussion and analysis, the statement clarifies that management's discussion and analysis should be limited to only topics in the existing sections and stresses that the detailed analyses section should provide clear explanation of why balances or results changed rather than simply presenting the amounts of the change. (2) unusual or infrequent items, the statement provides description of unusual or infrequent items and where on the statements they should be presented. (3) proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, providing definitions for operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses, and the order in which they should be presented (4) major component unit information, adding a requirement that major component units should be presented separately in the statements unless it reduces readability, and (5) budgetary comparison information should be presented as RSI. The Fund has not yet determined the effect that the adoption of GASB Statement No. 103 may have on its financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULES OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) PERS

(Dollars in thousands)	Years Ended June 30									
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
The Fund's proportionate (percentage) of the net pension liability (asset)	0.402458%	0.445175%	0.403023%	0.370100%	0.385094%	0.386822%	0.381747%	0.383639%	0.413624%	0.413581%
The Fund's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (18)	\$ 663	\$ (3,538)	\$ 1,957	\$ 828	\$ 999	\$ 1,648	\$ 3,526	\$ 2,310	\$ 1,526
The Fund's covered payroll	\$ 7,211	\$ 7,210	\$ 6,420	\$ 5,750	\$ 5,650	\$ 5,345	\$ 5,183	\$ 5,289	\$ 5,607	\$ 5,538
The Fund's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	(0.25%)	9.20%	(55.11%)	34.03%	14.65%	18.70%	31.81%	66.70%	41.18%	27.56%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	100.05%	98.24%	111.07%	92.89%	96.99%	96.33%	93.67%	86.11%	91.29%	93.98%

Note: All amounts presented are as of the measurement date, which is one year prior to the fiscal year end date

SCHEDULES OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE PERS

(Dollars in thousands)	Years Ended, June 30,									
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 619	\$ 649	\$ 721	\$ 642	\$ 575	\$ 565	\$ 588	\$ 622	\$ 714	\$ 785
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	619	649	721	642	575	565	588	622	714	785
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fund's covered payroll	\$ 6,878	\$ 7,211	\$ 7,210	\$ 6,420	\$ 5,750	\$ 5,650	\$ 5,345	\$ 5,183	\$ 5,289	\$ 5,607
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	9.0%	9.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	11.0%	12.0%	13.5%	14.0%

See Independent Auditor's Report and Notes to the Required Supplementary Information.

SCHEDULES OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS – WELFARE BENEFIT PLAN

	(Dollars in thousands)							
	2024	2023	2022	2021	June 30,			
					2020	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB Liability								
Service cost	\$ 283	\$ 245	\$ 223	\$ 200	\$ 172	\$ 143	\$ 147	\$ 150
Interest (includes interest on service cost)	225	215	177	174	227	219	234	245
Changes in benefit terms	(311)	-	(186)	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(477)	-	(58)	-	(142)	-	(200)	-
Changes of assumptions	204	-	1,409	-	560	-	(660)	-
Benefit payments	(158)	(168)	(216)	(92)	(95)	(311)	(228)	(218)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$ (234)	\$ 292	\$ 1,349	\$ 282	\$ 722	\$ 51	\$ (707)	\$ 177
Total OPEB liability - beginning	7,286	6,994	5,927	5,645	4,923	4,872	5,579	5,402
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 7,052	\$ 7,286	\$ 7,276	\$ 5,927	\$ 5,645	\$ 4,923	\$ 4,872	\$ 5,579
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	\$ 402	\$ 450	\$ 789	\$ 321	\$ 95	\$ 311	\$ 228	\$ 405
Net investment income	348	367	(88)	21	180	172	46	22
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(158)	(168)	(216)	(92)	(95)	(311)	(228)	(218)
Administrative expense	(38)	(24)	(20)	(33)	(20)	(31)	(35)	(16)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 554	\$ 625	\$ 465	\$ 217	\$ 160	\$ 141	\$ 11	\$ 193
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	6,770	6,145	5,962	5,745	5,585	5,444	5,433	5,240
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$ 7,324	\$ 6,770	\$ 6,427	\$ 5,962	\$ 5,745	\$ 5,585	\$ 5,444	\$ 5,433
Net OPEB liability (asset) - ending	\$ (272)	\$ 516	\$ 849	\$ (35)	\$ (100)	\$ (662)	\$ (572)	\$ 146
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	103.90%	92.90%	88.30%	100.60%	101.78%	113.46%	111.74%	97.40%

SCHEDULES OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE WELFARE BENEFIT PLAN

	(Dollars in thousands)							
	2024	2023	2022	2021	June 30,			
					2020	2019	2018	2017
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 347	\$ 391	\$ 412	\$ 221	\$ 189	\$ 108	\$ 101	\$ 162
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	401	450	789	321	95	311	228	405
Contribution (excess)	(54)	(59)	(377)	(100)	94	(203)	(127)	(243)
Covered employee payroll	\$ 6,906	\$ 6,317	\$ 6,133	\$ 5,946	\$ 5,773	\$ 5,582	\$ 5,396	\$ 5,268
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	5.81%	7.12%	12.88%	5.41%	1.65%	5.57%	4.23%	7.69%

SCHEDULES OF ANNUAL RATE OF RETURN ON INVESTMENTS – WELFARE BENEFIT PLAN

	June 30,							
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	5.25%	1.27%	(1.42%)	0.17%	3.23%	3.37%	0.78%	0.66%

See Independent Auditor's Report and Notes to the Required Supplementary Information.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NOTE A – RETIREMENT PLAN TREND INFORMATION PRESENTED

The accompanying schedules of the Fund’s proportionate share of the net pension liabilities (assets) and contributions to the PERS and the Welfare Benefit Plan and the schedules of annual rate of return on investments of the Welfare Benefit Plan are required supplementary information to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented in the schedules for those years for which information is available.

NOTE B – RETIREMENT PLAN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

The information presented in the Schedules of Contributions to PERS was based on the actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020 using the actuarial assumptions and methods as follows:

	2022-2023	2021
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age normal cost with level percentage of payroll	Individual entry age normal cost with level percentage of payroll
Asset valuation method	Fair value	Fair value
Amortization method	Level dollar, fixed period	Level dollar, fixed period
Amortization period	Through Fiscal Year 2035	Through Fiscal Year 2035
Actuarial assumptions:		
Investment rate of return	7.25%	7.25%
Projected salary increases:		
State	2.75% - 5.55%	2.75% - 5.55%
Non-state	3.60 - 6.75%	3.60 - 6.75%
Inflation rate	2.75%	2.75%
Discount rate	7.25%	7.25%
Mortality rates	Active - 100% of Pub-2010 General Employees table, below-median, headcount weighted, projected generationally with scale MP-2018	Active - 100% of Pub-2010 General Employees table, below-median, headcount weighted, projected generationally with scale MP-2018
	Retired healthy males - 108% of Pub-2010 General Retiree Male table, below-median, headcount weighted, projected generationally with scale MP-2018	Retired healthy males - 108% of Pub-2010 General Retiree Male table, below-median, headcount weighted, projected generationally with scale MP-2018
	Retired healthy females - 122% of Pub-2010 General Retiree Female table, below-median, headcount weighted, projected generationally with scale MP-2018	Retired healthy females - 122% of Pub-2010 General Retiree Female table, below-median, headcount weighted, projected generationally with scale MP-2018
	Disabled males - 118% of Pub-2010 General/Teachers Disabled Male table, headcount weighted, projected generationally with scale MP-2018	Disabled males - 118% of Pub-2010 General/Teachers Disabled Male table, headcount weighted, projected generationally with scale MP-2018
	Disabled females - 117% of Pub-2010 General/Teachers Disabled Female table, headcount weighted, projected generationally with scale MP-2018	Disabled females - 117% of Pub-2010 General/Teachers Disabled Female table, headcount weighted, projected generationally with scale MP-2018
Withdrawal rates:		
State	2.28 - 45.63%	2.275 - 45.63%
Non-state	2.50 - 35.88%	2.50 - 35.88%
Disability rates	.005 - 0.540%	.005 - 0.540%
Retirement rates	12% - 100%	12% - 100%
Date range in most recent experience study	2013-2018	2013-2018

	2020	2019	2015-2018
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age normal cost with level percentage of payroll	Individual entry age normal cost with level percentage of payroll	Individual entry age normal cost with level percentage of payroll
Asset valuation method	Fair value	Fair value	Fair value
Amortization method	Level dollar, fixed period	Level dollar, fixed period	Level dollar, fixed period
Amortization period	Through Fiscal Year 2029	Through Fiscal Year 2035	Through Fiscal Year 2035
Actuarial assumptions:			
Investment rate of return	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%
Projected salary increases:			
State	3.1 - 5.3%	3.1 - 5.3%	3.0 - 4.6%
Non-state	3.35 - 6.5%	3.35 - 6.5%	3.35 - 6.0%
Inflation rate	3.00%	3.00%	3.0% (2015-1.90%)
Discount rate	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%
Mortality rates	Active - 100% of Pub-2010 General Employees table, below-median, headcount weighted, projected generationally with scale MP-2018	Active - 100% of Pub-2010 General Employees table, below-median, headcount weighted, projected with with scale MP-2018	Active - 100% of RP-2000 Non-Annuitant, Scale AA fully generational
	Retired healthy males - 108% of Pub-2010 General Retiree Male table, below-median, headcount weighted, projected generationally with scale MP-2018	Retired healthy males - 108% of Pub-2010 General Retiree Male table, below-median, headcount weighted, projected with scale MP-2018	Retired healthy males - 110% of RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant, Scale AA fully generational
	Retired healthy females - 122% of Pub-2010 General Retiree Female table, below-median, headcount weighted, projected generationally with scale MP-2018	Retired healthy females - 122% of Pub-2010 Annuitant, Scale AA fully generational General Retiree Female table, below-median, headcount weighted, projected with scale MP-2018	Retired healthy females - 101% of RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant, Scale AA fully generational
	Disabled males - 118% of Pub-2010 General/Teachers Disabled Male table, headcount weighted, projected generationally with scale MP-2018	Disabled males - 118% of Pub-2010 General/Teachers Disabled Male table, below-median, headcount weighted, projected with scale MP-2018	Disabled males - 96% of RP-2000 Disabled Annuitant, Scale AA fully generational
	Disabled females - 117% of Pub-2010 General/Teachers Disabled Female table, headcount weighted, projected generationally with scale MP-2018	Disabled females - 118% of Pub-2010 General/Teachers Disabled Female table, below-median, headcount weighted, projected with scale MP-2018	Disabled females - 107% of RP-2000 Disabled Annuitant, Scale AA fully generational
Withdrawal rates:			
State	2.275 - 45.63%	2.28 - 45.63%	1.75 - 35.10%
Non-state	2.50 - 35.88%	2.00 - 35.88%	2.00 - 35.88%
Disability rates	.005 - 0.540%	.005 - 0.540%	.007 - .675%
Retirement rates	12% - 100%	12% - 100%	12% - 100%
Date range in most recent experience study	2013-2018	2013-2018	2009-2014

The information presented in the Schedules of Contributions to the Welfare Benefit Plan was based on the actuarial assumptions and methods as follows:

Valuation date	1/1/2024 Rolled forward to 6/30/2024
Timing	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated based on the actuarial valuation completed during even calendar years
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value of Assets
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Pay, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period	13 years as of 1/1/2024
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount rate	3.00%
Salary Increases	3% total payroll growth
Healthcare cost trend rates	Pre-Medicare: 10.0% in calendar 2024 grading down to 3% over 20 years Medicare: No Medicare coverage; PEIA penalty payments are not expected to increase Administrative expenses: 2.5% per year

Valuation date	1/1/2022	Rolled forward to 6/30/2023
Timing	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated based on the actuarial valuation completed during even calendar years	
Actuarial Cost Method		Entry Age
Asset Valuation Method		Fair Value of Assets
Amortization Method		Level Percentage of Pay, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period		15 years as of 1/1/2022
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Discount rate		3.00%
Salary Increases		3% total payroll growth
Healthcare cost trend rates	Pre-Medicare: 10.0% in calendar 2022 grading down to 2.72% over 19 years Medicare: 5.0% in calendar 2022 and 2023 5.0% grading down to 2.72% over 18 years Administrative expenses: 2.72% per year	

Valuation date	1/1/2022	Rolled forward to 6/30/2022
Timing	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated based on the actuarial valuation completed during even calendar years	
Actuarial Cost Method		Entry Age
Asset Valuation Method		Fair Value of Assets
Amortization Method		Level Percentage of Pay, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period		15 years as of 1/1/2022
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Discount rate		3.00%
Salary Increases		3% total payroll growth
Healthcare cost trend rates	Pre-Medicare: 10.0% in calendar 2022 grading down to 2.72% over 19 years Medicare: 5.0% in calendar 2022 and 2023 5.0% grading down to 2.72% over 18 years Administrative expenses: 2.72% per year	

Valuation date	1/1/2020	Rolled forward to 6/30/2021
Timing	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated based on the actuarial valuation completed during even calendar years	
Actuarial Cost Method		Entry Age
Asset Valuation Method		Fair Value of Assets
Amortization Method		Level Percentage of Pay, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period		17 years as of 1/1/2020
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Discount rate		3.00%
Salary Increases		3% total payroll growth
Healthcare cost trend rates	Pre-Medicare: 10.0% in calendar 2020 grading down to 2.72% over 19 years Medicare: 0.0% in calendar 2020 and 2021 5.0% grading down to 2.72% over 18 years Administrative expenses: 2.72% per year	

Valuation date	1/1/2020 Rolled forward to 6/30/2020
Timing	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated based on the actuarial valuation completed during even calendar years
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value of Assets
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Pay Closed
Remaining Amortization Period	17 years as of 1/1/2020
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount rate	3.00%
Salary Increases	3% total payroll growth
Healthcare cost trend rates	Pre-Medicare: 10.0% in calendar 2020 grading down to 2.72% over 19 years Medicare: 0.0% in calendar 2020 and 2021 5.0% grading down to 2.72% over 18 years Administrative expenses: 2.72% per year

Valuation date	1/1/2018 Rolled forward to 6/30/2019
Timing	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated based on the actuarial valuation completed during even calendar years
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value of Assets
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Pay Closed
Remaining Amortization Period	19 years as of 1/1/2018
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount rate	4.50%
Salary Increases	3% total payroll growth
Healthcare cost trend rates	Pre-Medicare: 8.40% in calendar 2018 grading down to 4.0% over 15 years Medicare: 0.0% in calendar 2018 and 2019 5.0% grading down to 4.0% over 13 years Administrative expenses: 4.0% per year

Valuation date	1/1/2016 Rolled forward to 6/30/2017
Timing	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated based on the actuarial valuation completed during even calendar years
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value of Assets
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Pay Closed
Remaining Amortization Period	21 years as of 1/1/2016
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount rate	4.50%
Salary Increases	3% total payroll growth
Healthcare cost trend rates	Pre-Medicare: 10.0% in calendar 2016 grading down to 4.0% over 15 years Medicare: 6.0% in calendar 2016 grading down to 4.0% over 15 years Administrative expenses: 4.0% per year

NOTE C – PERS PLAN AMENDMENTS

The PERS was amended to make changes which apply to new employees hired on or after July 1, 2015 as follows:

- For employees hired prior to July 1, 2015, qualification for normal retirement is age 60 with five years of service or at least age 55 with age and service equal to 80 or greater. A member may retire with the pension reduced actuarially if the member is at least 55 and has at least 10 years of contributory service, or at any age with 30 years of contributory service. For employees hired after July 1, 2015, qualification for normal retirement is 62 with 10 years of service. A member hired after July 1, 2015 may retire with the pension reduced actuarially if the member is between the ages of 60 and 62 with at least ten years of contributory service, between ages 57 and 62 with at least twenty years of contributory service or between the ages 55 and 62 with at least thirty years of contributory service.
- The straight life annuity retirement benefit is equivalent to 2% of average salary multiplied by years of service. For employees hired prior to July 1, 2015, average salary is the average of the three consecutive highest annual earnings out of the last fifteen years of earnings. For all employees hired on or after July 1, 2015 average salary is the average of the five consecutive highest annual earnings out of the last fifteen years of earnings.
- For employees hired prior to July 1, 2015, terminated members with at least five years of contributory service who do not withdraw their accumulated contributions may elect to receive their retirement annuity beginning at age 62. For all employees hired on or after July 1, 2015, this age increases to 64 with at least ten years of contributory service, or age 63 with at least twenty years of contributory service.
- For all employees hired prior to July 1, 2015, employees are required to contribute 4.5% of annual earnings. All employees hired on or after July 1, 2015, are required to contribute 6% of annual earnings.

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WEST VIRGINIA HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND
PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE - ENTERPRISE FUND
COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
June 30, 2024
(Dollars in Thousands)

	<u>General Account</u>	<u>Bond Programs</u>	<u>Other Loan Programs</u>
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,745	\$ -	\$ 3,396
Accrued interest on loans	26	-	873
Accounts receivable and other assets, net of allowance for losses	1,665	-	-
Mortgage loans held for sale	-	-	-
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	30,310	50,310	1,011
Restricted accrued interest on loans	-	3,301	2
Restricted accrued interest on investments	-	750	-
Total current assets	<u>47,746</u>	<u>54,361</u>	<u>5,282</u>
Noncurrent assets:			
Mortgage loans, net of allowance for losses	6,843	-	110,168
Capital assets, net of depreciation	7,168	-	-
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	-	96,473	-
Restricted investments	-	49,370	-
Restricted mortgage loans, net of allowance for losses	-	889,332	281
Restricted other assets, net of allowance for losses	414	1,300	-
Total noncurrent assets	<u>14,425</u>	<u>1,036,475</u>	<u>110,449</u>
Total assets	<u>62,171</u>	<u>1,090,836</u>	<u>115,731</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB	<u>2,131</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and other liabilities	22,001	813	837
Interfund payables (receivables)	7,963	(6,964)	12,928
Accrued interest payable	-	4,048	-
Bonds payable	-	29,520	-
Total current liabilities	<u>29,964</u>	<u>27,417</u>	<u>13,765</u>
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Other liabilities	-	-	-
Bonds & notes payable, net	-	653,610	558
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>653,610</u>	<u>558</u>
Total liabilities	<u>29,964</u>	<u>681,027</u>	<u>14,323</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB	<u>632</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
NET POSITION			
Restricted for debt service	-	409,809	-
Restricted by state statute	-	-	-
Restricted for pension and OPEB	414	-	-
Net investment in capital assets	7,168	-	-
Unrestricted	26,124	-	101,408
Total net position	<u>\$ 33,706</u>	<u>\$ 409,809</u>	<u>\$ 101,408</u>

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Affordable Housing Fund	Land Development Program	Bond Insurance Account	Federal Programs	Totals
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,141
-	-	-	-	899
-	-	-	-	1,665
-	-	-	-	-
3,668	7,389	-	71,592	164,280
1	43	45	-	3,392
-	-	84	-	834
<u>3,669</u>	<u>7,432</u>	<u>129</u>	<u>71,592</u>	<u>190,211</u>
-	-	-	-	117,011
-	-	-	-	7,168
-	-	15,624	-	112,097
-	-	11,294	-	60,664
648	1,551	11,824	70,879	974,515
-	-	-	181	1,895
<u>648</u>	<u>1,551</u>	<u>38,742</u>	<u>71,060</u>	<u>1,273,350</u>
<u>4,317</u>	<u>8,983</u>	<u>38,871</u>	<u>142,652</u>	<u>1,463,561</u>
-	-	-	-	2,131
-	-	2	130	23,783
(3)	(5)	(14,159)	240	-
-	-	-	-	4,048
-	-	-	-	29,520
<u>(3)</u>	<u>(5)</u>	<u>(14,157)</u>	<u>370</u>	<u>57,351</u>
-	-	-	142,282	142,282
-	-	-	-	654,168
-	-	-	142,282	796,450
<u>(3)</u>	<u>(5)</u>	<u>(14,157)</u>	<u>142,652</u>	<u>853,801</u>
-	-	-	-	632
-	-	-	-	409,809
4,320	8,988	53,028	-	66,336
-	-	-	-	414
-	-	-	-	7,168
-	-	-	-	127,532
<u>\$ 4,320</u>	<u>\$ 8,988</u>	<u>\$ 53,028</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 611,259</u>

**WEST VIRGINIA HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND
PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE - ENTERPRISE FUND
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024
(Dollars in Thousands)**

	<u>General Account</u>	<u>Bond Programs</u>	<u>Other Loan Programs</u>
OPERATING REVENUES			
Interest on loans	\$ 307	\$ 35,546	\$ 4,730
Pass-through grant revenue	-	-	-
Fee revenue	7,731	727	324
Other	<u>709</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>167</u>
	8,747	36,283	5,221
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Pass-through grant expense	-	-	-
Loan fees expense	1,565	7,334	130
Program expenses, net	597	7,210	897
Administrative expenses, net	<u>6,188</u>	<u>3,445</u>	<u>1,771</u>
	<u>8,350</u>	<u>17,989</u>	<u>2,798</u>
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	397	18,294	2,423
NON-OPERATING - FINANCING AND INVESTING (EXPENSES) REVENUES			
Investment earnings:			
Interest	1,426	7,823	353
Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments	<u>-</u>	<u>(856)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net investment earnings	1,426	6,967	353
Interest and debt expense	<u>-</u>	<u>(18,130)</u>	<u>(186)</u>
	<u>1,426</u>	<u>(11,163)</u>	<u>167</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,823	7,131	2,590
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	31,883	397,878	93,318
Inter-program transfers, net	<u>-</u>	<u>4,800</u>	<u>5,500</u>
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 33,706</u>	<u>\$ 409,809</u>	<u>\$ 101,408</u>

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Affordable Housing Fund	Land Development Program	Bond Insurance Account	Federal Programs	Totals
\$ 9	\$ 64	\$ 642	\$ -	\$ 41,298
-	-	-	120,408	120,408
945	7	-	-	9,734
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>886</u>
954	71	642	120,408	172,326
-	-	-	120,408	120,408
-	-	24	-	9,053
1,304	(1,319)	(35)	-	8,654
<u>-</u>	<u>45</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>11,450</u>
<u>1,304</u>	<u>(1,274)</u>	<u>(10)</u>	<u>120,408</u>	<u>149,565</u>
(350)	1,345	652	-	22,761
197	324	1,459	-	11,582
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>103</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(753)</u>
197	324	1,562	-	10,829
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(18,316)</u>
<u>197</u>	<u>324</u>	<u>1,562</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(7,487)</u>
(153)	1,669	2,214	-	15,274
4,473	7,319	61,114	-	595,985
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(10,300)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>\$ 4,320</u>	<u>\$ 8,988</u>	<u>\$ 53,028</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 611,259</u>

**WEST VIRGINIA HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND
PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE - ENTERPRISE FUND
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024
(Dollars in Thousands)**

	<u>General Account</u>	<u>Bond Programs</u>	<u>Other Loan Programs</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from lending activities	\$ 5,476	\$ 89,047	\$ 31,958
Receipts from other operating activities	5,500	727	491
Receipts from escrows and advance activities ⁽¹⁾	39,781	-	936
Disbursements from escrows and advance activities ⁽¹⁾	(35,864)	-	(1,222)
Receipts for federal lending activities	-	-	-
Receipts for federal activities	-	-	-
Disbursements for federal activities	-	-	-
Purchase of mortgage loans	-	(277,443)	(40,462)
Interfund sale (purchase) of mortgage loans	-	(4,932)	4,932
Purchase of mortgage loans held for sale	-	-	(7,102)
Sale of mortgage loans	-	-	7,320
Payments to employees for salaries and benefits	(5,051)	(2,322)	(1,373)
Payments to vendors	(4,639)	(11,691)	(767)
Interfund transactions	88	423	878
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>5,291</u>	<u>(206,191)</u>	<u>(4,411)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from bonds and notes	-	325,000	18,250
Retirement of bonds and notes	-	(31,439)	(18,095)
Interfund transfers (out) in	-	4,800	5,500
Interest paid	-	(16,122)	(186)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	<u>-</u>	<u>282,239</u>	<u>5,469</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from maturities of investments	-	39,895	-
Purchase of investments	-	(43,718)	-
Net investment earnings	1,426	6,980	353
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	<u>1,426</u>	<u>3,157</u>	<u>353</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	6,717	79,205	1,411
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	39,338	67,578	2,996
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<u>\$ 46,055</u>	<u>\$ 146,783</u>	<u>\$ 4,407</u>
Cash and cash equivalents consist of:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,745	\$ -	\$ 3,396
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - current	30,310	50,310	1,011
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - noncurrent	-	96,473	-
	<u>\$ 46,055</u>	<u>\$ 146,783</u>	<u>\$ 4,407</u>

⁽¹⁾ See Note A, *Restricted cash and cash equivalents*

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Affordable Housing Fund	Land Development Program	Bond Insurance Account	Federal Programs	Totals
\$ 201	\$ 2,757	\$ 2,129	\$ 1,904	\$ 133,472
945	7	-	-	7,670
-	-	-	-	40,717
-	-	-	-	(37,086)
-	-	-	10,764	10,764
-	-	-	78,076	78,076
-	-	-	(99,489)	(99,489)
(16)	(200)	-	(16,824)	(334,945)
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	(7,102)
-	-	-	-	7,320
-	(12)	(1)	-	(8,759)
(1,328)	(40)	(24)	(4,458)	(22,947)
-	(5)	(1,388)	4	-
<u>(198)</u>	<u>2,507</u>	<u>716</u>	<u>(30,023)</u>	<u>(232,309)</u>
-	-	-	-	343,250
-	-	-	-	(49,534)
-	-	(10,300)	-	-
-	-	-	-	(16,308)
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(10,300)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>277,408</u>
-	-	18,500	-	58,395
-	-	(12,325)	-	(56,043)
197	324	1,356	-	10,636
<u>197</u>	<u>324</u>	<u>7,531</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>12,988</u>
(1)	2,831	(2,053)	(30,023)	58,087
3,669	4,558	17,677	101,615	237,431
<u>\$ 3,668</u>	<u>\$ 7,389</u>	<u>\$ 15,624</u>	<u>\$ 71,592</u>	<u>\$ 295,518</u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,141
3,668	7,389	-	71,592	164,280
-	-	15,624	-	112,097
<u>\$ 3,668</u>	<u>\$ 7,389</u>	<u>\$ 15,624</u>	<u>\$ 71,592</u>	<u>\$ 295,518</u>

**WEST VIRGINIA HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND
PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE - ENTERPRISE FUND
COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
BOND PROGRAMS
June 30, 2024
(Dollars in Thousands)**

	<u>HF98E</u>	<u>HF13A</u>	<u>HF15AB</u>	<u>HF15CD</u>	<u>HF17AB</u>	<u>HF18A</u>	<u>HF19A</u>
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 40,574	\$ 89	\$ 398	\$ 336	\$ 276	\$ 313	\$ 528
Restricted accrued interest on loans	1,143	19	61	90	64	56	98
Restricted accrued interest on investments	384	-	-	23	-	-	-
Total current assets	<u>42,101</u>	<u>108</u>	<u>459</u>	<u>449</u>	<u>340</u>	<u>369</u>	<u>626</u>
Noncurrent assets:							
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	385	-	-	14	-	-	-
Restricted investments	28,457	-	-	1,303	-	-	-
Restricted mortgage loans, net of allowance for losses	295,986	4,995	16,371	26,762	16,796	14,201	23,769
Restricted other assets, net of allowances for losses	529	-	134	-	105	-	-
Total noncurrent assets	<u>325,357</u>	<u>4,995</u>	<u>16,505</u>	<u>28,079</u>	<u>16,901</u>	<u>14,201</u>	<u>23,769</u>
Total assets	<u>367,458</u>	<u>5,103</u>	<u>16,964</u>	<u>28,528</u>	<u>17,241</u>	<u>14,570</u>	<u>24,395</u>
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable and other liabilities	256	1	4	6	3	3	5
Interfund receivables	(2,694)	(44)	(130)	(200)	(323)	(135)	(115)
Accrued interest payable	-	37	82	151	91	75	124
Bonds payable	-	1,460	2,250	3,085	1,825	1,080	1,565
Total current liabilities	<u>(2,438)</u>	<u>1,454</u>	<u>2,206</u>	<u>3,042</u>	<u>1,596</u>	<u>1,023</u>	<u>1,579</u>
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Bonds payable	-	5,495	11,755	21,895	14,100	12,335	21,515
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>5,495</u>	<u>11,755</u>	<u>21,895</u>	<u>14,100</u>	<u>12,335</u>	<u>21,515</u>
Total liabilities	<u>(2,438)</u>	<u>6,949</u>	<u>13,961</u>	<u>24,937</u>	<u>15,696</u>	<u>13,358</u>	<u>23,094</u>
NET POSITION							
Restricted for debt service	<u>369,896</u>	<u>(1,846)</u>	<u>3,003</u>	<u>3,591</u>	<u>1,545</u>	<u>1,212</u>	<u>1,301</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 369,896</u>	<u>\$ (1,846)</u>	<u>\$ 3,003</u>	<u>\$ 3,591</u>	<u>\$ 1,545</u>	<u>\$ 1,212</u>	<u>\$ 1,301</u>

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<u>HF19B</u>	<u>HF20A</u>	<u>HF20BC</u>	<u>HF21A</u>	<u>HF22A</u>	<u>HF22B</u>	<u>HF22C</u>
\$ 614	\$ 311	\$ 599	\$ 531	\$ 180	\$ 679	\$ 393
55	67	78	67	121	143	195
-	-	29	-	-	-	51
<u>669</u>	<u>378</u>	<u>706</u>	<u>598</u>	<u>301</u>	<u>822</u>	<u>639</u>
-	-	10	-	-	-	23
-	-	1,494	-	-	-	2,677
20,803	23,877	32,661	26,539	28,483	37,107	43,846
-	259	-	106	133	34	-
<u>20,803</u>	<u>24,136</u>	<u>34,165</u>	<u>26,645</u>	<u>28,616</u>	<u>37,141</u>	<u>46,546</u>
<u>21,472</u>	<u>24,514</u>	<u>34,871</u>	<u>27,243</u>	<u>28,917</u>	<u>37,963</u>	<u>47,185</u>
5	5	7	6	7	9	43
(223)	(93)	(490)	(210)	(134)	(346)	(211)
83	84	87	80	173	227	304
<u>1,430</u>	<u>1,460</u>	<u>2,520</u>	<u>1,550</u>	<u>1,290</u>	<u>1,460</u>	<u>1,665</u>
<u>1,295</u>	<u>1,456</u>	<u>2,124</u>	<u>1,426</u>	<u>1,336</u>	<u>1,350</u>	<u>1,801</u>
19,165	21,980	28,905	25,046	26,975	35,754	41,835
<u>19,165</u>	<u>21,980</u>	<u>28,905</u>	<u>25,046</u>	<u>26,975</u>	<u>35,754</u>	<u>41,835</u>
<u>20,460</u>	<u>23,436</u>	<u>31,029</u>	<u>26,472</u>	<u>28,311</u>	<u>37,104</u>	<u>43,636</u>
1,012	1,078	3,842	771	606	859	3,549
<u>\$ 1,012</u>	<u>\$ 1,078</u>	<u>\$ 3,842</u>	<u>\$ 771</u>	<u>\$ 606</u>	<u>\$ 859</u>	<u>\$ 3,549</u>

<u>HF23A</u>	<u>HF23B</u>	<u>HF23C</u>	<u>HF23D</u>	<u>HF24A</u>	<u>HF24BC</u>	Bond Programs Total
\$ 1,082	\$ 1,120	\$ 955	\$ 708	\$ 624	\$ -	\$ 50,310
196	201	242	209	196	-	3,301
63	64	80	56	-	-	750
<u>1,341</u>	<u>1,385</u>	<u>1,277</u>	<u>973</u>	<u>820</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>54,361</u>
86	126	231	2,938	15,459	77,201	96,473
3,449	3,411	4,678	3,901	-	-	49,370
48,617	49,123	59,223	57,072	60,231	2,870	889,332
-	-	-	-	-	-	1,300
<u>52,152</u>	<u>52,660</u>	<u>64,132</u>	<u>63,911</u>	<u>75,690</u>	<u>80,071</u>	<u>1,036,475</u>
<u>53,493</u>	<u>54,045</u>	<u>65,409</u>	<u>64,884</u>	<u>76,510</u>	<u>80,071</u>	<u>1,090,836</u>
213	162	43	29	6	-	813
(236)	(367)	(562)	(273)	(178)	-	(6,964)
327	338	442	427	775	141	4,048
1,640	1,395	1,135	800	975	935	29,520
<u>1,944</u>	<u>1,528</u>	<u>1,058</u>	<u>983</u>	<u>1,578</u>	<u>1,076</u>	<u>27,417</u>
47,370	48,440	58,755	59,200	74,025	79,065	653,610
<u>47,370</u>	<u>48,440</u>	<u>58,755</u>	<u>59,200</u>	<u>74,025</u>	<u>79,065</u>	<u>653,610</u>
49,314	49,968	59,813	60,183	75,603	80,141	681,027
4,179	4,077	5,596	4,701	907	(70)	409,809
<u>\$ 4,179</u>	<u>\$ 4,077</u>	<u>\$ 5,596</u>	<u>\$ 4,701</u>	<u>\$ 907</u>	<u>\$ (70)</u>	<u>\$ 409,809</u>

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**WEST VIRGINIA HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND
 PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE - ENTERPRISE FUND
 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND
 CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION
 BOND PROGRAMS**

**For the Year Ended June 30, 2024
 (Dollars in Thousands)**

	<u>HF98E</u>	<u>HF13A</u>	<u>HF15AB</u>	<u>HF15CD</u>	<u>HF17AB</u>	<u>HF18A</u>	<u>HF19A</u>
OPERATING REVENUES							
Interest on loans	\$ 14,006	\$ 263	\$ 698	\$ 1,189	\$ 790	\$ 677	\$ 1,079
Fee revenue	727	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	<u>9</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	14,742	263	698	1,190	790	677	1,079
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Loan fees expense	5,943	16	49	78	48	40	69
Program expenses, net	6,538	(5)	133	53	100	42	70
Administrative expenses, net	<u>3,445</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	15,926	11	182	131	148	82	139
OPERATING INCOME	(1,184)	252	516	1,059	642	595	940
NON-OPERATING - FINANCING AND INVESTING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Investment earnings:							
Interest	3,443	12	32	129	46	23	33
Net (decrease) increase in the fair value of investment:	<u>(625)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(18)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net investment earnings	2,818	12	32	111	46	23	33
Interest and debt expense	<u>-</u>	<u>(248)</u>	<u>(534)</u>	<u>(980)</u>	<u>(592)</u>	<u>(470)</u>	<u>(765)</u>
	2,818	(236)	(502)	(869)	(546)	(447)	(732)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,634	16	14	190	96	148	208
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	378,240	(2,376)	2,765	3,296	1,389	1,048	1,093
Inter-program transfers, net	<u>(9,978)</u>	<u>514</u>	<u>224</u>	<u>105</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>-</u>
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 369,896</u>	<u>\$ (1,846)</u>	<u>\$ 3,003</u>	<u>\$ 3,591</u>	<u>\$ 1,545</u>	<u>\$ 1,212</u>	<u>\$ 1,301</u>

See Independent Auditor's Report

<u>HF19B</u>	<u>HF20A</u>	<u>HF20BC</u>	<u>HF21A</u>	<u>HF22A</u>	<u>HF22B</u>	<u>HF22C</u>	<u>HF23A</u>
\$ 799	\$ 817	\$ 1,091	\$ 855	\$ 1,407	\$ 1,933	\$ 2,429	\$ 2,403
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
799	817	1,091	855	1,407	1,933	2,429	2,403
65	70	105	82	87	119	133	146
4	146	1	101	18	9	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>69</u>	<u>216</u>	<u>106</u>	<u>183</u>	<u>105</u>	<u>128</u>	<u>133</u>	<u>146</u>
730	601	985	672	1,302	1,805	2,296	2,257
45	33	142	21	25	65	196	449
-	-	(19)	-	-	-	(35)	(40)
<u>45</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>123</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>65</u>	<u>161</u>	<u>409</u>
<u>(527)</u>	<u>(517)</u>	<u>(542)</u>	<u>(482)</u>	<u>(1,062)</u>	<u>(1,409)</u>	<u>(1,853)</u>	<u>(1,986)</u>
<u>(482)</u>	<u>(484)</u>	<u>(419)</u>	<u>(461)</u>	<u>(1,037)</u>	<u>(1,344)</u>	<u>(1,692)</u>	<u>(1,577)</u>
248	117	566	211	265	461	604	680
764	868	3,224	528	197	398	2,945	3,499
-	93	52	32	144	-	-	-
<u>\$ 1,012</u>	<u>\$ 1,078</u>	<u>\$ 3,842</u>	<u>\$ 771</u>	<u>\$ 606</u>	<u>\$ 859</u>	<u>\$ 3,549</u>	<u>\$ 4,179</u>

	<u>HF23B</u>	<u>HF23C</u>	<u>HF23D</u>	<u>HF24A</u>	<u>HF24BC</u>	Bond Programs Total
\$	1,924	\$ 1,871	\$ 956	\$ 359	\$ -	\$ 35,546
	-	-	-	-	-	727
	-	-	-	-	-	10
	<u>1,924</u>	<u>1,871</u>	<u>956</u>	<u>359</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>36,283</u>
	111	105	53	15	-	7,334
	-	-	-	-	-	7,210
	-	-	-	-	-	3,445
	<u>111</u>	<u>105</u>	<u>53</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>17,989</u>
	1,813	1,766	903	344	-	18,294
	728	840	891	599	71	7,823
	<u>(36)</u>	<u>(46)</u>	<u>(37)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(856)</u>
	692	794	854	599	71	6,967
	<u>(1,928)</u>	<u>(1,964)</u>	<u>(1,356)</u>	<u>(774)</u>	<u>(141)</u>	<u>(18,130)</u>
	<u>(1,236)</u>	<u>(1,170)</u>	<u>(502)</u>	<u>(175)</u>	<u>(70)</u>	<u>(11,163)</u>
	577	596	401	169	(70)	7,131
	-	-	-	-	-	397,878
	<u>3,500</u>	<u>5,000</u>	<u>4,300</u>	<u>738</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,800</u>
\$	<u>4,077</u>	<u>\$ 5,596</u>	<u>\$ 4,701</u>	<u>\$ 907</u>	<u>\$ (70)</u>	<u>\$ 409,809</u>

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WEST VIRGINIA HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND
PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE - ENTERPRISE FUND
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
BOND PROGRAMS
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024
(Dollars in Thousands)

	<u>HF98E</u>	<u>HF13A</u>	<u>HF15AB</u>	<u>HF15CD</u>	<u>HF17AB</u>	<u>HF18A</u>	<u>HF19A</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Receipts from lending activities	\$ 41,574	\$ 1,162	\$ 2,911	\$ 4,079	\$ 2,974	\$ 1,976	\$ 2,775
Receipts from other operating activities	727	-	-	-	-	-	-
Purchase of mortgage loans	(4,694)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interfund sale (purchase) of mortgages	(4,932)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payments to employees for salaries and benefits	(2,322)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payments to vendors	(10,620)	5	(79)	(102)	(80)	(45)	(77)
Interfund transactions	1,373	5	16	521	(31)	37	67
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	21,106	1,172	2,848	4,498	2,863	1,968	2,765
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Proceeds from sale of bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retirement of bonds	-	(1,410)	(2,465)	(4,165)	(3,000)	(1,295)	(1,785)
Interfund transfers (out) in	(9,978)	514	224	105	60	16	-
Interest paid	-	(255)	(546)	(1,003)	(608)	(476)	(772)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	(9,978)	(1,151)	(2,787)	(5,063)	(3,548)	(1,755)	(2,557)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Proceeds from maturities of investments	27,346	-	-	1,330	-	-	-
Purchase of investments	(15,635)	-	-	(1,320)	-	-	-
Net investment earnings	3,051	\$ 12	32	92	46	23	33
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	14,762	12	32	102	46	23	33
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	25,890	33	93	(463)	(639)	236	241
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	15,069	56	305	813	915	77	287
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 40,959	\$ 89	\$ 398	\$ 350	\$ 276	\$ 313	\$ 528
Cash and cash equivalents consist of:							
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - current	\$ 40,574	\$ 89	\$ 398	\$ 336	\$ 276	\$ 313	\$ 528
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - noncurrent	385	-	-	14	-	-	-
	\$ 40,959	\$ 89	\$ 398	\$ 350	\$ 276	\$ 313	\$ 528

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	<u>HF19B</u>	<u>HF20A</u>	<u>HF20BC</u>	<u>HF21A</u>	<u>HF22A</u>	<u>HF22B</u>	<u>HF22C</u>
\$	3,263	\$ 2,476	\$ 3,816	\$ 2,457	\$ 2,279	\$ 4,234	\$ 3,235
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	(674)	(3,355)
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(71)	(117)	(95)	(100)	(102)	(129)	(101)
	157	22	(76)	(96)	24	(151)	133
	<u>3,349</u>	<u>2,381</u>	<u>3,645</u>	<u>2,261</u>	<u>2,201</u>	<u>3,280</u>	<u>(88)</u>

	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(2,595)	(2,155)	(4,205)	(1,500)	(1,360)	(2,739)	(1,500)
	-	93	52	32	144	-	-
	<u>(536)</u>	<u>(522)</u>	<u>(550)</u>	<u>(483)</u>	<u>(1,068)</u>	<u>(1,426)</u>	<u>(1,862)</u>
	<u>(3,131)</u>	<u>(2,584)</u>	<u>(4,703)</u>	<u>(1,951)</u>	<u>(2,284)</u>	<u>(4,165)</u>	<u>(3,362)</u>

	-	-	1,520	-	-	-	2,730
	-	-	(1,512)	-	-	-	(2,710)
	45	33	97	21	25	65	116
	<u>45</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>105</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>65</u>	<u>136</u>

	263	(170)	(953)	331	(58)	(820)	(3,314)
	351	481	1,562	200	238	1,499	3,730
\$	<u>614</u>	<u>311</u>	<u>609</u>	<u>531</u>	<u>180</u>	<u>679</u>	<u>416</u>

\$	614	\$ 311	\$ 599	\$ 531	\$ 180	\$ 679	\$ 393
	-	-	10	-	-	-	23
\$	<u>614</u>	<u>311</u>	<u>609</u>	<u>531</u>	<u>180</u>	<u>679</u>	<u>416</u>

<u>HF23A</u>	<u>HF23B</u>	<u>HF23C</u>	<u>HF23D</u>	<u>HF24A</u>	<u>HF24BC</u>	Bond Programs <u>Total</u>
\$ 3,599	\$ 2,595	\$ 2,389	\$ 1,041	\$ 212	\$ -	\$ 89,047
-	-	-	-	-	-	727
(38,226)	(49,995)	(59,983)	(57,366)	(60,280)	(2,870)	(277,443)
-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,932)
-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,322)
66	51	(62)	(24)	(9)	-	(11,691)
(198)	(367)	(562)	(273)	(178)	-	423
<u>(34,759)</u>	<u>(47,716)</u>	<u>(58,218)</u>	<u>(56,622)</u>	<u>(60,255)</u>	<u>(2,870)</u>	<u>(206,191)</u>
-	50,000	60,000	60,000	75,000	80,000	325,000
(990)	(165)	(110)	-	-	-	(31,439)
-	3,500	5,000	4,300	738	-	4,800
(1,975)	(1,590)	(1,522)	(929)	1	-	(16,122)
<u>(2,965)</u>	<u>51,745</u>	<u>63,368</u>	<u>63,371</u>	<u>75,739</u>	<u>80,000</u>	<u>282,239</u>
3,484	3,485	-	-	-	-	39,895
(6,970)	(6,926)	(4,717)	(3,928)	-	-	(43,718)
383	658	753	825	599	71	6,980
<u>(3,103)</u>	<u>(2,783)</u>	<u>(3,964)</u>	<u>(3,103)</u>	<u>599</u>	<u>71</u>	<u>3,157</u>
(40,827)	1,246	1,186	3,646	16,083	77,201	79,205
<u>41,995</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>67,578</u>
<u>\$ 1,168</u>	<u>\$ 1,246</u>	<u>\$ 1,186</u>	<u>\$ 3,646</u>	<u>\$ 16,083</u>	<u>\$ 77,201</u>	<u>\$ 146,783</u>
\$ 1,082	\$ 1,120	\$ 955	\$ 708	\$ 624	\$ -	\$ 50,310
86	126	231	2,938	15,459	77,201	96,473
<u>\$ 1,168</u>	<u>\$ 1,246</u>	<u>\$ 1,186</u>	<u>\$ 3,646</u>	<u>\$ 16,083</u>	<u>\$ 77,201</u>	<u>\$ 146,783</u>